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29	

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1	CHAPTER 809. CHILD CARE SERVICES								
2 3	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS								
4 5	§809.1. Short Title and Purpose.								
6	3007.1. Short Title and I di pose.								
7	(a) The rules contained in this chapter may be cited as the Child Care Services rules.								
8									
9	(b) The purpose of the rules contained in this chapter is to interpret and implement the								
10	requirements of state and federal statutes and regulations governing child care and								
11	quality improvement activities funded through the Texas Workforce Commission								
12	(Commission), to include the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF), which								
13	includes:								
14									
15	(1) funds allocated to local workforce development areas (workforce areas) as								
16	provided in §800.58 of this title;								
17	(2)								
18	(2) private donated funds described in §809.17 of this chapter;								
19 20	(2) public transformed funds described in \$900.17 of this chapter								
21	(3) public transferred funds described in §809.17 of this chapter;								
22	(4) public certified expenditures described in §809.17 of this chapter; and								
23	(1) public certained experiences described in \$000.17 of this enapter, and								
24	(5) funds used for children receiving protective services described in §809.49 of								
25	this chapter.								
26	1								
27	(c) The rules contained in this chapter apply to other funds that are used for child care								
28	services allocated to workforce areas under Chapter 800 of this title, except for the								
29	following:								
30									
31	(1) Funds used for quality improvement activities described in §809.16 of this								
32	chapter;								
33									
34	(2) Assessing the parent share of cost described in §809.19 of this chapter; and								
35									
36	(3) Subchapter C of this chapter (relating to Eligibility for Child Care Services).								
37	(d) The rules contained in this chanter shall apply to the Commission I and Warleferen								
38 39	(d) The rules contained in this chapter shall apply to the Commission, Local Workforce Development Boards (Boards), their child care contractors, child care providers, and								
40	parents applying for or eligible to receive child care services.								
+0	parents applying for or engine to receive child care services.								

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The provisions of this §809.1 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.2. Definitions.

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

- (1) Attending a job training or educational program--An individual is attending a job training or educational program if the individual:
 - (A) is considered by the program to be officially enrolled;
 - (B) meets all attendance requirements established by the program; and
 - (C) is making progress toward successful completion of the program as demonstrated through continued enrollment in the program upon eligibility redetermination as described in §809.42 of this chapter.
- (2) Child--An individual who meets the general eligibility requirements contained in this chapter for receiving child care services.
- (3) Child care contractor--The entity or entities under contract with the Board to manage child care services. This includes contractors involved in determining eligibility for child care services, contractors involved in the billing and reimbursement process related to child care, as well as contractors involved in the funding of quality improvement activities as described in §809.16 of this chapter.
- (4) Child Care Desert--An area described in Texas Labor Code, §302.0461 in which the number of children under age six with working parents is at least three times greater than the capacity of licensed child care providers in the area, based on data published annually by the Commission.
- (5) Child Care Regulation (CCR)--Division in the Texas Health and Human Services Commission responsible for protecting the health, safety, and wellbeing of children who attend or reside in regulated child care facilities and homes.
- (6) Child care services--Child care subsidies and quality improvement activities funded by the Commission.
- (7) Child care subsidies--Commission-funded child care reimbursements to an

1		eligible child care provider for the direct care of an eligible child.
2 3	(8)	Child experiencing homelessnessA child who is homeless, as defined in the
4 5		McKinney-Vento Act (42 USC 11434(a)), Subtitle VII-B, §725.
6	(9)	Child with disabilitiesA child who has a physical or mental impairment that
7		substantially limits one or more major life activities, has a record of such an
8		impairment, or is regarded as having such an impairment. Major life activities
9 10		include, but are not limited to, caring for oneself; performing manual tasks; walking; hearing; seeing, speaking, or breathing; learning; and working.
11		walking, neuring, seeing, speaking, or steaming, tearning, and working.
12 13	(10)	Educational programA program that leads to:
13		
14 15		(A) a high school diploma;
16		(B) a Certificate of High School Equivalency; or
17		(=)
18		(C) an undergraduate degree from an institution of higher education.
19	(1.1)	
20 21	(11)	Excessive unexplained absencesMore than 40 unexplained absences within a 12-month eligibility period as described in §809.78 of this chapter.
22		12-monut engionity period as described in \$609.76 of this enapter.
23	(12)	FamilyTwo or more individuals related by blood, marriage, or decree of
24		court, who are living in a single residence and are included in one or more of
21 22 23 24 25 26		the following categories:
26 27		(A) Two individuals, marriedincluding by common-law, and household
28		dependents; or
29		•
30		(B) A parent and household dependents.
31 32	(12)	Household dependentAn individual living in the household who is:
33	(13)	Household dependentAn individual riving in the household who is.
34		(A) an adult considered a dependent of the parent for income tax purposes;
35		
36		(B) a child of a teen parent; or
37 38		(C) a child or other minor living in the household who is the responsibility of
39		the parent.
40		•
1 1	(14)	Improper paymentsAny payment of Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)
12 13		grant funds that should not have been made or that was made in an incorrect amount (including overpayments and underpayments) under statutory,
+3 14		contractual, administrative, or other legally applicable requirements governing
15		the administration of CCDF grant funds and includes payments:

1 2		(A)	to an ineligible recipient;			
3		(B)	for an ineligible service;			
4		<i>(</i> ~)				
5		(C)	for any duplicate payment; and			
6 7		(D)	for services not received.			
8		(D)	Tot services not received.			
9	(15)	Job tı	raining programA program that provides training or instruction leading			
10	, ,	to:				
11						
12		(A)	basic literacy;			
13		()	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
14		(B)	English proficiency;			
15		` '				
16		(C)	an occupational or professional certification or license; or			
17		()	1 1			
18		(D)	the acquisition of technical skills, knowledge, and abilities specific to an			
19		` /	occupation.			
20			•			
21	(16)	Liste	ed family homeA family home, other than the eligible child's own			
22	` /		residence, that is listed, but not licensed or registered with, CCR pursuant to			
23			as Human Resources Code, §42.052(c).			
24						
25	(17)	Milit	tary deploymentThe temporary duty assignment away from the			
26	, ,		nanent military installation or place of residence for reserve components of			
27		-	ingle military parent or the dual military parents. This includes deployed			
28			nts in the regular military, military reserves, or National Guard.			
29		1				
30	(18)	Pare	ntAn individual who is responsible for the care and supervision of a			
31	, ,		and is identified as the child's natural parent, adoptive parent, stepparent,			
32			guardian, or person standing in loco parentis (as determined in			
33		acco	ordance with Commission policies and procedures). Unless otherwise			
34			cated, the term applies to a single parent or both parents.			
35						
36	(19)	Prote	ective servicesServices provided when a child:			
37	, ,		•			
38		(A)	is at risk of abuse or neglect in the immediate or short-term future and			
39			the child's family cannot or will not protect the child without Texas			
40			Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) Child Protective			
41			Services (CPS) intervention;			
42						
43		(B)	is in the managing conservatorship of DFPS and residing with a relative			
44			or a foster parent; or			
45						
46		(C)	has been provided with protective services by DFPS within the prior six			

1		months and requires services to ensure the stability of the family.
2	(20)	D
3	(20)	ProviderA provider is defined as a:
4 5		(A) regulated child care provider;
6 7		(B) relative child care provider; or
8		
9		(C) listed family home subject to the requirements in §809.91(e) of this
10		chapter.
11		
12	(21)	Regulated child care providerA provider caring for an eligible child in a
13		location other than the eligible child's own residence that is:
14		(A) 1' 11 CCD
15		(A) licensed by CCR;
16		(D) magistana davida CCD, an
17 18		(B) registered with CCR; or
19		(C) operated and monitored by the United States military services.
20		(c) operated and monitored by the officed states initiary services.
21	(22)	Relative child care providerAn individual who is at least 18 years of age, and
22	(22)	is, by marriage, blood relationship, or court decree, the child's:
23		, - ,
24		(A) grandparent;
25		
26		(B) great-grandparent;
27		
28		(C) aunt;
29		
30		(D) uncle; or
31		
32		(E) sibling (if the sibling does not reside in the same household as the
33		eligible child).
34 35	(23)	Residing withUnless otherwise stipulated in this chapter, a child is
36	(23)	considered to be residing with the parent when the child is living with, and
37		physically present with, the parent during the time period for which child care
38		services are being requested or received.
39		services are semigrequested of received.
40	(24)	Teen parentA teen parent (teen) is an individual 18 years of age or younger,
41	()	or 19 years of age and attending high school or the equivalent, who has a child.
42		
43	(25)	Texas Rising Star programA quality-based rating system of child care
44		providers participating in Commission-subsidized child care.
45		
46	(26)	Texas Rising Star providerA regulated child care provider meeting the Texas

1	Rising Star program standards. Texas Rising Star providers are:							
2 3	(A) designated as an Entry Level Provider;							
4 5	(B) certified as a Two-Star Provider;							
6								
7 8	(C) certified as a Three-Star Provider; or							
9	(D) certified as a Four-Star Provider.							
10	(27) Working Working is defined as							
11 12	(27) WorkingWorking is defined as:							
13 14	 (A) activities for which one receives monetary compensation such as a salary, wages, tips, and commissions; 							
15	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
16 17	(B) participation in Choices or Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Employment and Training (SNAP E&T) activities; or							
18								
19 20	(C) engaging in job search at the time of eligibility determination or redetermination as described in §809.56 of this chapter.							
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	The provisions of this §809.2 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective February 16, 2015, 40 TexReg 708; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective August 1, 2018, 43 TexReg 4474; amended to be effective January 8, 2019, 44 TexReg 114; amended to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437							
29	Return to Table of Contents							
30	2000 2 W · D							
31 32	§809.3. Waiver Request.							
32 33 34	(a) The Commission may waive child care rules upon request from a person directly affected by the rules, if it determines that the waiver benefits a parent, child care							
35	contractor, or provider, and the Commission determines that the waiver does not							
36	harm child care or violate state or federal statutes or regulations.							
37 38	(b) Prior to submitting a waiver request to the Commission, the child must have been							
39	determined by the Board's child care contractor to meet the minimum qualifications							
40	set forth in §809.41(a).							
41 42	The provisions of this §809.3 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336							
43 44	Return to Table of Contents							

SUBCHAPTER B. GENERAL MANAGEMENT §809.11. Board Responsibilities. (a) A Board shall be responsible for the administration of child care in a manner consistent with Texas Government Code, Chapter 2308, as amended, and related provisions under Chapter 801 of this title (relating to Local Workforce Development Boards). (b) A Board shall ensure that access to child care services shall be available through all Texas Workforce Centers within a workforce area. (c) Child care services are support services for workforce employment, job training, and services under Texas Government Code, Chapter 2308 and Chapter 801 of this title. (d) Upon request, a Board shall provide the Commission with access to child care administration records and submit related information for review and monitoring, pursuant to Commission rules and policies. The provisions of this \$809.11 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336 **Return to Table of Contents** §809.12. Board Plan for Child Care Services. (a) A Board shall, as part of its Texas Workforce Development Board Plan (Board plan), develop, amend, and modify the Board plan to incorporate and coordinate the design and management of the delivery of child care services with the delivery of other workforce employment, job training, and educational services identified in Texas Government Code, §2308.304, et seq., as well as other workforce training and services included in the One-Stop Service Delivery Network. (b) The goal of the Board plan is to coordinate workforce training and services, to leverage private and public funds at the local level, and to fully integrate child care services for low-income families with the network of workforce training and services under the administration of the Boards. (c) Boards shall design and manage the Board plan to maximize the delivery and

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(d) A Board shall include in the Board plan any strategies to use contracted slots agreements, as described in §809.96 of this chapter, including any local priorities and

availability of safe and stable child care services that assist families seeking to become independent from, or who are at risk of becoming dependent on, public

assistance while parents are either working or attending a job training or an

educational program.

how contracted slots agreements will help increase access to high-quality care for targeted communities and population.

The provisions of this §809.12 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593

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§809.13. Board Policies for Child Care Services.

- (a) A Board shall develop, adopt, and modify its policies for the design and management of the delivery of child care services in a public process in accordance with Chapter 802 of this title.
- (b) A Board shall maintain written copies of the policies that are required by federal and state law, or as required under this chapter, and make such policies available to the Commission and the public upon request.

The provisions of this §809.13 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective August 1, 2018, 43 TexReg 4474; amended to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.14. Coordination of Child Care Services.

- (a) A Board shall coordinate with federal, state, and local child care and early development programs and representatives of local governments in developing its Board plan and policies for the design and management of the delivery of child care services, and shall maintain written documentation of its coordination efforts.
- (b) Pursuant to Texas Education Code, §29.158, and in a manner consistent with federal law and regulations, a Board shall coordinate with school districts, Head Start, and Early Head Start program providers to ensure, to the greatest extent practicable, that full-day, full-year child care is available to meet the needs of low-income parents who are working or attending a job training or educational program.
- (c) Pursuant to Texas Labor Code, §302.00436, a Board shall inform the local school districts and open-enrollment charter schools in the Board's workforce area regarding opportunities to partner with child care providers in the Board's area to expand access to and provide facilities for prekindergarten (pre-K) programs.

1204	n to T	abla a	f Contanta
			<u>f Contents</u>
§ 809.1	15. Pr	omoti	ng Consumer Education.
(a)		oard sl rmatio	nall promote informed child care choices by providing consumer ed n to:
	(1)	pare	nts who are eligible for child care services;
	(2)	pare	nts who are placed on a Board's waiting list;
	(3)	pare	nts who are no longer eligible for child care services; and
	(4)	appli	icants who are not eligible for child care services.
(b)			mer education information, including consumer education informat brough a Board's website, shall contain, at a minimum:
	(1)		rmation about the Texas Information and Referral Network/2-1-1 Texas) information and referral system;
	(2)		vebsite and telephone number of CCR so parents may obtain health by requirements including information on:
		(A)	the prevention and control of infectious diseases (including immunizations);
		(B)	building and physical premises safety;
		(C)	minimum health and safety training appropriate to the provider seand
		(D)	the regulatory compliance history of child care providers;
	(3)		scription of the full range of eligible child care providers set forth in 0.91 of this chapter; and
	(4)		scription of programs available in the workforce area relating to schiness and quality rating systems, including:

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- (B) integrated school readiness models, pursuant to Texas Education Code, §29.160;
- (5) a list of child care providers that meet quality indicators, pursuant to Texas Government Code, §2308.3171;
- (6) information on existing resources and services available in the workforce area for conducting developmental screenings and providing referrals to services when appropriate for children eligible for child care services, including the use of:
 - (A) the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment program under 42 USC 1396 et seq.; and
 - (B) developmental screening services available under Part B and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 USC 1419, 1431 et seq.; and
- (7) a link to the Agency's designated child care consumer education website.
- (c) A Board shall cooperate with HHSC to provide 2-1-1 Texas with information, as determined by HHSC, for inclusion in the statewide information and referral network.

The provisions of this §809.15 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective July 6, 2020, 45 TexReg 4528; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.16. Quality Improvement Activities.

- (a) Child care funds allocated by the Commission pursuant to its allocation rules (generally, Chapter 800, Subchapter B of this title (relating to Allocations), and specifically §800.58 of this title (relating to Child Care)), including local public transferred funds and local private donated funds, as provided in §809.17 of this subchapter, to the extent they are used for nondirect care quality improvement activities, shall be expended in accordance with the CCDF State Plan.
- (b) Boards must ensure compliance with 45 CFR Part 98 regarding construction expenditures, as follows:
 - (1) State and local agencies and nonsectarian agencies or organizations.

	(A)	Funds shall not be expended for the purchase or improvement of land, or for the purchase, construction, or permanent improvement of any building or facility.
	(B)	Funds may be expended for minor remodeling, and for upgrading child care facilities to ensure that providers meet state and local child care standards, including applicable health and safety requirements.
(2)	Secta	rian agencies or organizations.
	(A)	The prohibitions in paragraph (1) of this subsection apply.
	(B)	Funds may be expended for minor remodeling only if necessary to bring the facility into compliance with the health and safety requirements established pursuant to 45 CFR Part 98.
	inclu	ares certified by a public entity, as provided in §809.17 of this subchapter, de expenditures for any quality improvement activity described in 45 CFR
amended to 16, 2015, 40 amended to 3, 2022, 47	be effe TexR be effe TexRe	
		ing Local Resources.
	Ü	g Local Funds.
(1)	The for the	Commission encourages Boards to secure local public and private funds he purpose of matching federal funds in order to maximize resources for d care needs in the community.
(2)	requ	oard is encouraged to secure additional local funds in excess of the amoun ired to match federal funds allocated to the Board in order to maximize its ntial to receive additional federal funds should they become available.
(3)		oard's performance in securing and leveraging local funds for match may e the Board eligible for incentive awards.
(b) The	Comr	mission accepts the following as local match:
(1)	Func	ds from a private entity that:

	(A) a family whose income does not exceed 85 percent of the state media income for a family of the same size; and	.n
	(B) a parent who requires child care in order to work or attend a job traini or educational program.	ng
(4	A Doord shall submit mivete denotions muhlic transfers and muhlic contifications	. 40
(u	A Board shall submit private donations, public transfers, and public certifications the Commission for acceptance, with sufficient information to determine that the	, 10
	funds meet the requirements of subsection (b) of this section.	
(-	Consolution Director Depositions Public Transfers and Dublic Contifications	
(e	Completing Private Donations, Public Transfers, and Public Certifications.	
	(1) A Board shall ensure that:	
	(A) private donations of cash and public transfers of funds are paid to the	
	(A) private donations of cash and public transfers of funds are paid to the Commission; and	
	(B) public certifications are submitted to the Commission.	
	(2) Private donations and public transfers are considered complete when the fur	nde
	have been received by the Commission.	nus
	, and the second	
	(3) Public certifications are considered complete to the extent that a signed write	
	instrument is delivered to the Commission that reflects that the public entity has expended a specific amount of funds on eligible activities described in	y
	subsection (b)(3) of this section.	
(f	A Board shall monitor the funds secured for match and the expenditure of any	
	resulting funds to ensure that expenditures of federal matching funds available	
	through the Commission do not exceed an amount that corresponds to the private	
	donations, public transfers, and public certifications that are completed by the ence the program year.	1 OI
en.		
_	ovisions of this §809.17 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 3 led to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529	36,
amen	the to be effective october 1, 2010, 11 Textleg 1325	
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§ 809	18. Maintenance of a Waiting List.	
(a	The following provisions are effective prior to December 1, 2023:	
	(1) A Board shall ensure that a list of parents and children waiting for child care	;
	services, because of the lack of funding or lack of providers, is maintained at	
	available to the Commission upon request	

	(2)		rd shall establish a policy for the maintenance of a waiting list that es, at a minimum:
		moraa	
		(A)	the process for determining that the parent is potentially eligible for child care services before placing the parent on the waiting list; and
		(B)	the frequency in which the parent information is updated and maintained
			on the waiting list.
	(3)	A Boa	rd shall exempt children from the waiting list who are directly referred
	()	from a	recognized pre-K or Head Start/Early Head Start (HS/EHS) partnership cribed in §809.22 of this chapter to a child care provider to receive
		service	es in the contracted partnership program subject to the availability of
		Tunam	g and the availability of subsidized slots at the partnership site.
(l	b) The	follow	ing provisions are effective December 1, 2023:
	(1)	A Boa	rd shall ensure that a list of parents and children waiting for child care
	(-)		es, because of the lack of funding or lack of providers, is maintained and
			ple to the Commission upon request.
	(2)	A Boa	rd shall ensure that the child is potentially eligible for child care services
	()		p placing the child on the waiting list.
	(3)		rd shall exempt children from the waiting list who are directly referred
		chapte	recognized pre-K or HS/EHS partnership, as described in §809.22 of this r, to a child care provider to receive services in the contracted partnership
		1 0	m subject to the availability of funding and the availability of subsidized the partnership site.
	(4)	A Boa	rd shall contact the parent every three months and shall remove the child
		require	the waiting list if the parent indicates that child care services are no longer and or does not respond to the Board regarding the continued need for child ervices.
		ons of th	uis §809.18 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336;
		be effec TexReg	ctive January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 6437
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§809).19. As	ssessing	the Parent Share of Cost.
(8	a) The	follow	ing provisions are effective prior to December 1, 2023:
	(1)	For ch	ild care funds allocated by the Commission pursuant to its allocation

1 2	rules (generally, Chapter 800, Subchapter B of this title (relating to Allocations), and specifically, §800.58 of this title (relating to Child Care)),
3	including local public transferred funds and local private donated funds, as
4	provided in §809.17 of this subchapter, the following shall apply:
5 6	(A) A Board shall set a parent share of cost policy that assesses the parent
7	share of cost in a manner that results in the parent share of cost:
8	r
9	(i) being assessed to all parents, except in instances when an
0	exemption under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph applies;
1	
2	(ii) being an amount determined by a sliding fee scale based on the
13	family's size and gross monthly income, including a possible
12 13 14 15	reexamination of the sliding fee scale if there are frequent
	terminations for lack of payment pursuant to paragraph (4) of this
6	subsection, which also may consider the number of children in
17	care;
8	
9	(iii) being an amount that is affordable and does not result in a barrier
20	to families receiving assistance;
21	(iv) being assessed only at the following times:
23	(iv) being assessed only at the ronowing times.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(I) initial eligibility determination;
25	(1) initial engionity determination,
26	(II) 12-month eligibility redetermination;
27	
28	(III) upon the addition of a child in care;
29	
30	(IV) upon a parent's report of a change in income, family size, or
31	number of children in care that would result in a reduced
32	parent share of cost assessment; and
33	
34	(V) upon resumption of work, job training, or education activitie
35	following temporary changes described in §809.51(a)(2) of
36 37	this chapter, and upon resumption of work, job training, or
	education activities during the three-month continuation of
38 39	care period described in §809.51(c) of this chapter; and
	(v) not increasing above the amount assessed at initial eligibility
10 11	 (v) not increasing above the amount assessed at initial eligibility determination or at the 12-month eligibility redetermination base
12	on the factor in clause (ii) of this subparagraph, except upon the
11 12 13	addition of a child in care as described in clause (iv)(III) of this
	subparagraph.
14 15	and Larabarka.
16	(B) Parents who are one or more of the following are exempt from paying the

1			paren	t share of cost:
2 3 4			(i)	Parents who are participating in Choices or who are in Choices child care described in §809.45 of this chapter;
5 6 7			(ii)	Parents who are participating in SNAP E&T services or who are in SNAP E&T child care described in §809.47 of this chapter;
8 9 10 11			(iii)	Parents of a child receiving Child Care for Children Experiencing Homelessness as described in §809.52 of this chapter; or
12 13 14			(iv)	Parents who have children who are receiving protective services child care pursuant to §809.49 and §809.54(c) of this chapter, unless DFPS assesses the parent share of cost.
15 16 17 18 19		(C)	subpa	parents who are not covered under exemptions listed in argraph (B) of this paragraph shall be assessed a parent share of the teen parent's share of cost is based solely on the teen parent's ne and size of the teen's family as defined in §809.2 of this chapter.
20 21 22 23 24 25	(2)	provie reimb requir	ders whourse pring the	Il establish a policy stating whether or not the Board will reimburse hen parents fail to pay the parent share of cost. If the Board does not roviders under the adopted policy, the Board may establish a policy parent pay the provider before the family can be redetermined future child care services.
26 27 28 29	(3)	within	n a 12-	all establish a policy regarding termination of child care services month eligibility period when a parent fails to pay the parent share Board's policy must include:
30 31 32 33 34 35 36		(A)	for ex assess parag of this	direment to evaluate and document each family's financial situation attenuating circumstances that may affect affordability of the sed parent share of cost pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this raph, and a possible temporary reduction pursuant to paragraph (5) is subsection before the Board or its child care contractor may mate care under this section;
37 38 39 40 41		(B)	cost, a	al criteria for determining affordability of a Board's parent share of and a process to identify and assess the circumstances that may rdize a family's self-sufficiency under paragraph (5) of this ction;
42 43 44 45 46		(C)	share	enance of a list of all terminations due to failure to pay the parent of cost, for use when conducting evaluations of affordability, as red under subparagraph (D) of this paragraph; and

1 2 3		process f	d's definition of what constitutes frequent terminations and its for assessing the general affordability of the Board's parent share chedule, pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection.
4		or cost sc	chedule, pursuant to paragraph (4) or ans subsection.
5 6 7	(4)	share of cost m	requent terminations of care for lack of payment of the parent ust reexamine its sliding fee scale and adjust it to ensure that fees to assistance for families at certain income levels.
8		are not a parrier	to assistance for families at certain income levels.
9	(5)	The Board or its	s child care contractor may review the assessed parent share of
10	(3)		ble temporary reduction if there are extenuating circumstances
11		-	a family's self-sufficiency. The Board or its child care contractor
12			y reduce the assessed parent share of cost if warranted by these
13		• •	Following the temporary reduction, the parent share of cost
14			iately prior to the reduction shall be reinstated.
15		amount minicul	latery prior to the reduction shall be remstated.
16	(6)	If the parent is n	not covered by an exemption as specified in paragraph (1)(B) of
17	(0)	-	then the Board or its child care contractor shall not waive the
18			share of cost under any circumstances.
19		assessed parent	share of cost under any encumstances.
20	(7)	If the parent sha	are of cost, based on family income and family size, is calculated
	(1)	-	the Board or its child care contractor shall not charge the parent
22			re of cost amount.
21 22 23		a minimum sna.	to of cost amount.
	(8)	A Roard may es	stablish a policy to reduce the parent share of cost amount
24 25 26	(0)	•	ant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii) of this subsection upon the parent's
26		-	exas Rising Star-certified provider. Such Board policy shall
27		ensure:	exus resing suit cerented provider. Such Bourd policy shair
28		chigare.	
29		(A) that the par	rent continues to receive the reduction if:
30		(11) that the pu	to it continues to receive the reduction if.
31		(i) t	he Texas Rising Star provider loses Texas Rising Star
32			certification; or
33		_	
34		(ii) t	he parent moves or changes employment within the workforce
35			area and no Texas Rising Star-certified providers are available to
36			neet the needs of the parent's changed circumstances; and
37			r
38		(B) the p	parent no longer receives the reduction if the parent voluntarily
39			sfers the child from a Texas Rising Star-certified provider to a
40			-Texas Rising Star-certified provider.
41			
42	(9)	A Board may es	stablish a policy to reduce the parent share of cost amount
43	. ,		ant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii) of this subsection upon the child's
44		=	-time or blended care. Such Board policy shall ensure that:
45		ı	1 ,
46		(A) the parent	t no longer receives the reduction if the referral is changed to
			-

1		f	ull-ti	me care; and
2 3 4 5 6	(1	s (select (8) of	ent who qualifies for a reduction in parent share of cost for both sing a Texas Rising Star-certified provider (as defined in paragraph this subsection) and a child's part-time or blended care referral will we the greater of the two discounts.
7		1	CCCIV	te the greater of the two discounts.
8	(b) The f	ollow	ingp	provisions are effective on December 1, 2023:
9	(1)	I71	. 91.1 .	
10 11	` '			eare funds allocated by the Commission pursuant to its allocation erally, Chapter 800, Subchapter B of this title (relating to
				as), and specifically, §800.58 of this title (relating to Child Care)),
12 13				local public transferred funds and local private donated funds, as
14			_	n §809.17 of this subchapter, the following shall apply:
15		provi	ucu i	in \$609.17 of this subchapter, the following shall apply.
16		(A)	The	parent share of cost shall be:
17		(11)	THC	parent share of cost shan be.
18			(i)	assessed to all parents, except in instances when an exemption
19				under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph applies; and
20				under subparagraph (e) or ans paragraph applies, and
			(ii)	established by the Commission and determined by a sliding fee
22				scale based on the family's size and gross monthly income
23				determined in §809.44 of this chapter and as represented by a
24				percentage of the state median income (SMI) up to 85 percent SMI.
24				percentage of the state median mediae (Sivii) up to 65 percent sivii.
21 22 23 24 25 26		(B)	A Ro	pard shall assess the parent share of cost in accordance with
27		(D)		paragraph (A)(ii) of this paragraph and in a manner that results in the
28			-	nt share of cost:
28 29			pare	in share of cost.
30			(i)	being assessed only at the following times:
31			(1)	being assessed only at the ronowing times.
32				(I) initial eligibility determination;
33				(1) Initial engionity determination,
34				(II) 12-month eligibility redetermination;
35				(ii) 12-month englothly redetermination,
36				(III) upon the addition of a child in care;
30 37				(III) upon the addition of a clind in care,
38				(IV) upon a parent's report of a change in income, family size, or
39				number of children in care that would result in a reduced
40				parent share of cost assessment; and
41				parent share of cost assessment, and
12				(V) upon resumption of work, job training, or education activities
+2 43				following temporary changes described in §809.51(a) of this
+3 14				chapter, and upon resumption of work, job training, or
+ 4 45				education activities during the three-month continuation of
+3 46				care period described in \$809.51(c) of this chapter; and
TU				care period described in 8007.51(e) of this enapter, and

- (ii) not increasing above the amount assessed at initial eligibility determination or at the 12-month eligibility redetermination, except upon the addition of a child in care as described in subclause (i)(III) of this subparagraph.
- (C) Parents who are one or more of the following are exempt from paying the parent share of cost:
 - (i) Parents who are participating in Choices or who are in Choices child care described in §809.45 of this chapter;
 - (ii) Parents who are participating in SNAP E&T services or who are in SNAP E&T child care described in §809.47 of this chapter;
 - (iii) Parents of a child receiving Child Care for Children Experiencing Homelessness as described in §809.52 of this chapter; or
 - (iv) Parents who have children who are receiving protective services child care pursuant to §809.49 and §809.54(c) of this chapter, unless DFPS assesses the parent share of cost.
- (D) Teen parents who are not covered under exemptions listed in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph shall be assessed a parent share of cost. The teen parent's share of cost is based solely on the teen parent's income and size of the teen's family as defined in §809.2 of this chapter.
- (2) A Board shall establish a policy stating whether or not the Board will reimburse providers when parents fail to pay the parent share of cost. If the Board does not reimburse providers under the adopted policy, the Board may establish a policy requiring the parent pay the provider before the family can be redetermined eligible for future child care services.
- (3) A Board shall establish a policy regarding termination of child care services within a 12-month eligibility period when a parent fails to pay the parent share of cost. The Board's policy must include:
 - (A) a requirement to evaluate and document each family's financial situation for extenuating circumstances that may affect affordability of the assessed parent share of cost pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, and a possible temporary reduction pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection before the Board or its child care contractor may terminate care under this section;
 - (B) a process to identify and assess the circumstances that may jeopardize a family's self-sufficiency under paragraph (4) of this subsection; and

- (C) maintenance of a list of all terminations due to failure to pay the parent share of cost.
- (4) The Board or its child care contractor may review the assessed parent share of cost for a possible temporary reduction if there are extenuating circumstances that jeopardize a family's self-sufficiency. The Board or its child care contractor may temporarily reduce the assessed parent share of cost if warranted by these circumstances. Following the temporary reduction, the parent share of cost amount immediately prior to the reduction shall be reinstated.
- (5) If the parent is not covered by an exemption as specified in paragraph (1)(C) of this subsection, then the Board or its child care contractor shall not waive the assessed parent share of cost under any circumstances.
- (6) If the parent share of cost, based on family income and family size, is calculated to be zero, then the Board or its child care contractor shall not charge the parent a minimum share of cost amount.
- (7) A Board may establish a policy to reduce the parent share of cost amount assessed pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection upon the parent's selection of a Texas Rising Star-certified provider. Such Board policy shall ensure:
 - (A) that the parent continues to receive the reduction if:
 - (i) the Texas Rising Star provider loses Texas Rising Star certification; or
 - (ii) the parent moves or changes employment within the workforce area and no Texas Rising Star-certified providers are available to meet the needs of the parent's changed circumstances; and
 - (B) the parent no longer receives the reduction if the parent voluntarily transfers the child from a Texas Rising Star-certified provider to a non-Texas Rising Star-certified provider.
- (8) A Board may establish a policy to reduce the parent share of cost amount assessed pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection upon the child's referral for part-time or blended care. Such Board policy shall ensure that:
 - (A) the parent no longer receives the reduction if the referral is changed to full-time care; and
 - (B) a parent who qualifies for a reduction in parent share of cost for both

1 2 3 4	selecting a Texas Rising Star-certified provider (as defined in paragraph (7) of this subsection) and a child's part-time or blended care referral will receive the greater of the two discounts.
5 6 7 8 9	The provisions of this §809.19 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective August 1, 2018, 43 TexReg 4474; amended to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
11	Return to Table of Contents
12 13 14	§809.20. Maximum Provider Reimbursement Rates.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) Based on local factors, including a market rate survey provided by the Commission, a Board shall establish maximum reimbursement rates for child care subsidies at or above a level established by the Commission to ensure that the rates provide equal access to child care in the local market and in a manner consistent with state and federal statutes and regulations governing child care. At a minimum, Boards shall establish reimbursement rates for full-day and part-day units of service, as described in §809.93(f) of this chapter, for the following:
23	(1) Provider types:
24 25 26	(A) Licensed child care centers, including before- or after-school programs and school-age programs, as defined by CCR;
27 28 29	(B) Licensed child care homes as defined by CCR;
30 31	(C) Registered child care homes as defined by CCR; and
32 33	(D) Relative child care providers as defined in §809.2 of this chapter.
34 35	(2) Age groups in each provider type effective prior to December 1, 2023:
36 37	(A) Infants age 0 to 17 months;
38 39	(B) Toddlers age 18 to 35 months;
40 41	(C) Preschool age children from 36 to 71 months; and
42 43	(D) School-age children 72 months and older.
44 45	(3) Age groups in each provider type effective December 1, 2023:
46	(A) Infants ages 0 through 11 months;

1 2		(B) Infants ages 12 through 17 months;
3 4		(C) Toddlers ages 18 through 23 months;
5 6		(D) Toddlers age 2 years;
7 8		(E) Preschool age 3 years;
9		(=/
10 11		(F) Preschool age 4 years;
12		(G) Preschool age 5 years; and
13 14		(H) School-age 6 years and older.
15 16	(b)	A Board shall establish enhanced reimbursement rates:
17 18		(1) for all age groups at certified Texas Rising Star provider facilities; and
19 20 21 22		only for infant, toddler, and preschool-age children at child care providers that participate in integrated school readiness models for those age groups pursuant to Texas Education Code, §29.160.
23 24 25 26 27	(c)	The minimum enhanced reimbursement rates established under subsection (b) of this section shall be greater than the maximum rate established for providers not meeting the requirements of subsection (b) of this section for the same category of care up to but not to exceed, the provider's published rate. The maximum rate must be at least:
28 29		(1) 5 percent greater for a:
30 31		(A) certified Two-Star Provider; or
32 33 34		(B) child care provider meeting the requirements of subsection (b)(2) of this section;
35 36		(2) 7 percent greater for a certified Three-Star Provider; and
37 38		(3) 9 percent greater for a certified Four-Star Provider.
39 40 41 42 43	(d)	Boards may establish a higher enhanced reimbursement rate than those specified in subsection (c) of this section for certified Texas Rising Star providers, as long as there is a minimum 2 percentage point difference between each star level.
44 45 46	(e)	A Board or its child care contractor shall ensure that providers that are reimbursed for additional staff or equipment needed to assist in the care of a child with disabilities are paid a rate up to 190 percent of the provider's reimbursement rate for

	cost of the Board shal children w	hat same age. The higher rate shall take into consideration the estimated additional staff or equipment needed by a child with disabilities. The l ensure that a professional, who is familiar with assessing the needs of ith disabilities, certifies the need for the higher reimbursement rate in this subsection.
	long as the	shall determine whether to reimburse providers that offer transportation as combined total of the provider's published rate, plus the transportation ject to the maximum reimbursement rate established in subsection (a) of a.
		nay establish a higher enhanced reimbursement rate for nontraditional efined by the Board.
amende 8, 2013, to be eff	d to be effe 38 TexReg fective Oct	this §809.20 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ctive September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective January 3 155; amended to be effective February 16, 2015, 40 TexReg 708; amended ober 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective July 6, 2020, 45 and to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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§809.21	. Determi	ning the Amount of the Provider Reimbursement.
, ,	the provid	reimbursement that the Board or the Board's child care contractor pays to er shall be the Board's maximum daily rate or the provider's published whichever is lower, less the following amounts:
	(1)	The parent share of cost assessed and adjusted when the parent share of cost is reduced; and
	(2)	Any child care funds received by the parent from other public or private entities.
	rates are ca	rits child care contractor shall ensure that the provider's published daily alculated according to Commission guidance and include the provider's tees, supply fees, and activity fees.
-	•	his §809.21 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ctive January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155
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§809.22	2. Direct R	eferrals to Recognized Partnerships.
	(a) A reco	ognized partnership is a partnership that:

1		
2		(1) exists between a child care provider and one of the following:
3		(A) a public school prekindergarten provider;
5		(11) a paone sensorprekinaergaren provider,
6		(B) a local education agency; or
7		
8 9		(C) a Head Start/Early Head Start program; and
10		(2) requires both parties to have entered into an agreement, such as a
11 12		memorandum of understanding, and serves some number of children under age six who are dually enrolled in both programs.
13		under age six who are dually enfoliced in boar programs.
14 15	(b)	A Board shall establish policies and procedures to enroll eligible children who are directly referred by a recognized partnership.
16		
17	(c)	A Board's policy shall exempt children directly referred from a recognized
18 19		partnership from the Board's waiting list, subject to the availability of funding and the availability of subsidized slots at the partnership site.
20		are availability of substanced stons at the parametering site.
21	The pro	ovisions of this §809.22 adopted to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593
22 23	D (
	Keturi	to Table of Contents
24 25 26	SUBCHAPT	ER C. ELIGIBILITY FOR CHILD CARE SERVICES
27 28	§ 809. 4	1. A Child's General Eligibility for Child Care Services.
29 30 31	(a)	Except for a child receiving or needing protective services as described in §809.49 of this chapter, for a child to be eligible to receive child care services, at the time of eligibility determination or redetermination, a Board shall ensure that the child:
32 33 34		(1) meets one of the following age requirements:
35 36		(A) be under 13 years of age; or
37 38		(B) be a child with disabilities under 19 years of age;
39 40		(2) is a United States citizen or legal immigrant as determined under applicable federal laws, regulations, and guidelines; and
11		Tederal Id (10 gardina), and garde Ideo, and
12		(3) resides with:
13		
14 15		(A) a family within the Board's workforce area:
15 16		(i) whose income does not exceed 85 percent of the state median
ľ		(1) whose meanic does not executed percent of the state median

	income (SMI) for a family of the same size; and
	(ii) whose assets do not exceed \$1,000,000 as certified by a family member; or
	(iii) that meets the definition of experiencing homelessness as defined in §809.2 of this chapter.
(B)	parents who require child care in order to work, including job search, or attend a job training or educational program; or
(C)	a person standing in loco parentis for the child while the child's parent is on military deployment and the deployed military parent's income does not exceed the limits set forth in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.
a postseco	hall ensure that child care services while the parent is enrolled full-time in ondary undergraduate educational program is provided for, but does not cumulative total of 60 months.
undergrad	nay establish a policy to allow parents attending a program that leads to an luate degree from an institution of higher education to be exempt from with the child as defined in §809.2 of this chapter.
amended to be effect 2013, 38 TexReg	this §809.41 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ective June 22, 2009, 34 TexReg 4197; amended to be effective January 8, 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to er 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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§809.42. Eligibili	ty Verification, Determination, and Redetermination.
	hall ensure that its child care contractor verifies all eligibility requirements are services prior to authorizing child care.
sooner tha	shall ensure that eligibility for child care services shall be redetermined no an 12 months following the initial determination or most recent nation, except for Child Care during Job Search as described in §809.56 of er.

1									
1 2	The pro	e provisions of this §809.42 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336;							
3	-	ed to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October							
4		2, 47 TexReg 6437							
5	,								
6	Return to Table of Contents								
7 8 9	§809.4	3. Pri	iority	for Child Care Services.					
10 11	(a)			hall ensure that child care services are prioritized among the following ity groups:					
12		(4)							
13 14		(1)		first priority group is assured child care services and includes children of nts eligible for the following:					
15 16 17			(A)	Choices child care as referenced in §809.45;					
18 19			(B)	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Applicant child care as referenced in §809.46;					
20			(~)						
21			(C)	SNAP E&T child care as referenced in §809.47; and					
22 23			(D)	Transitional child care as referenced in §809.48.					
24		(2)	TD1						
25		(2)		second priority group is served subject to the availability of funds and					
26 27			шси	ides, in the order of priority:					
28			(A)	children who need to receive protective services child care as referenced					
29			(11)	in §809.49;					
30				m 3003.15,					
31			(B)	children of a qualified veteran or qualified spouse as defined in §801.23					
32			` /	of this title;					
33									
34			(C)	children of a foster youth as defined in §801.23 of this title;					
35									
36			(D)	children experiencing homelessness as defined in §809.2 and described					
37				in §809.52;					
38									
39 40 41			(E)	children of parents on military deployment as defined in §809.2 whose parents are unable to enroll in military-funded child care assistance programs;					
42 43 44			(F)	children of teen parents as defined in §809.2; and					
45 46			(G)	children with disabilities as defined in §809.2.					

(3)	The third priority group includes any other priority adopted by the Board.
(1) A.D.	
	oard shall not establish a priority group under subsection (a)(3) of this section
base	d on the parent's choice of an individual provider or provider type.
m · ·	(AL 8000 A2 A . A. A. C. A. A. 20 2007 227 D. 226
	ns of this §809.43 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336;
	be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective
January 8, 2	1013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529
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8000 44 Ca	laulatina Family Income
8809.44. Ca	lculating Family Income.
(a) For t	he purposes of determining family income and assessing the parent share of cost,
	rds shall ensure that family income is calculated in accordance with Commission
	elines that:
guiu	ennes urat.
(1)	take into account irregular fluctuations in earnings; and
(1)	take into account irregular fluctuations in earnings, and
(2)	ensure that temporary increases in income, including temporary increases that
(2)	result in monthly income exceeding 85 percent of SMI do not affect eligibility
	or parent share of cost.
	of parent share of cost.
(b) In ac	cordance with Commission income calculation guidelines, Boards shall ensure
	the following income sources are excluded from the family income:
diat	the following income sources are excluded from the family income.
(1)	Medicare, Medicaid, SNAP benefits, school meals, and housing assistance;
(1)	1,200,200,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,00
(2)	Monthly monetary allowances provided to or for children of Vietnam veterans
(-)	born with certain birth defects;
(3)	Needs-based educational scholarships, grants, and loans; including financial
(-)	assistance under Title IV of the Higher Education ActPell Grants, Federal
	Supplemental Educational Opportunity grants, Federal Work Study Program,
	PLUS, Stafford loans, and Perkins loans;
(4)	Individual Development Account (IDA) withdrawals for the purchase of a
· /	home, medical expenses, or educational expenses;
(5)	Tax refunds and tax credits;
· /	
(6)	VISTA and AmeriCorps living allowances and stipends;
` '	
(7)	Noncash or in-kind benefits such as employer-paid fringe benefits, food, or
× /	housing received in lieu of wages;
	(b) A Be base The provisio amended to a January 8, 2 Return to T \$809.44. Ca (a) For the Boar guide (1) (2) (b) In act that the control of the control

	(8)	Foster care payments and adoption assistance;	
	(9)	Special military pay or allowances, including subsistence allowances, housing	
		allowances, family separation allowances, or special allowances for duty subject to hostile fire or imminent danger;	
	(10)	Income from a child in the household between 14 and 19 years of age who is	
	(- /	attending school;	
	(11)	Early withdrawals from qualified retirement accounts specified as hardship withdrawals as classified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS);	
	(12)	Unemployment compensation;	
	(13)	Child support payments;	
	(14)	Cash assistance payments, including Temporary Assistance for Needy	
		Families (TANF), Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Refugee Cash	
		Assistance, general assistance, emergency assistance, and general relief;	
	(15)	Onetime income received in lieu of TANF cash assistance;	
	(16)	Income earned by a veteran while on active military duty and certain other veterans' benefits, such as compensation for service-connected death,	
		vocational rehabilitation, and education assistance;	
	(17)	Regular payments from Social Security, such as Old-Age, and Survivors	
		Insurance Trust Fund;	
	(18)	Lump sum payments received as assets in the sale of a house, in which the	
		assets are to be reinvested in the purchases of a new home (consistent with IRS guidance);	
	(19)	Payments received as the result of an automobile accident insurance settlement that are being applied to the repair or replacement of an automobile;	
	(20)	One-time cash payments, including insurance payments, gifts, and lump sum inheritances; and	
	(21)	Any income sources specifically excluded by federal law or regulation.	
(c)		me that is not listed in subsection (b) of this section as excluded from income is ded as income.	
_		ns of this §809.44 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective	

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§ 809.4	5. Choices Child Care.
(a)	A parent is eligible for Choices child care if the parent is participating in the Choices program as stipulated in Chapter 811 of this title.
(b)	For a parent receiving Choices child care who ceases participation in the Choices program during the 12-month eligibility period, Boards must ensure that Choices child care continues:
	(1) for the three-month period pursuant to §809.51(b); and
	(2) for the remainder of the eligibility period, if the parent resumes participation in Choices or begins participation in work or attendance in a job training or education program during the three-month period described in §809.51(c).
	ovisions of this §809.45 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ed to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529
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§809.4	6. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Applicant Child Care.
(a)	A parent is eligible for TANF Applicant child care if the parent:
	(1) receives a referral from the Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) to attend a Workforce Orientation for Applicants (WOA);
	(2) locates employment or has increased earnings prior to TANF certification; and
	(3) needs child care to accept or retain employment.
(b)	To receive TANF Applicant child care, the parent shall be working and not have voluntarily terminated paid employment of at least 25 hours a week within 30 days

	prior to receiving the referral from HHSC to attend a WOA, unless the voluntary termination was for good cause connected with the parent's work.
amend	evisions of this §809.46 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ed to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective
Januar	y 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529
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§809.4 Cai	7. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Employment and Training Child
(2)	A moment is alicible to massive CNADE 6-T shild some convices if the moment is
(a)	A parent is eligible to receive SNAP E&T child care services if the parent is participating in SNAP E&T services, in accordance with the provisions of 7 CFR Part 273.
(b)	For a parent receiving SNAP E&T child care services who ceases participation in the
	E&T program during the 12-month eligibility period, Boards must ensure that SNAP E&T child care continues:
	(1) for the three-month period pursuant to §809.51(b); and
	(2) for the remainder of the eligibility period, if the parent resumes participation in the SNAP E&T program or begins participation in work or attendance in a job training or education program during the three-month period described in §809.51(c).
mend	ovisions of this §809.47 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ed to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 11 TexReg 7529
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§809.4	8. Transitional Child Care.
(a)	A parent is eligible for Transitional child care services if the parent:
	(1) has been denied TANF and was employed at the time of TANF denial; or
	(2) has been denied TANF within 30 days because of expiration of TANF time
	limits; and
	(3) requires child care to work or attend a job training or educational program for a combination of at least an average of 25 hours per week for a single-parent
	family or a total combined 50 hours per week for a dual-parent family.

	For former TANF recipients who are employed when TANF is denied, Transichild care shall be available for:		
	(1) a period of up to 12 months from the effective date of the TANF denial; or		
	(2) a period of up to 18 months from the effective date of the TANF denial in the		
	case of a former TANF recipient who was eligible for child caretaker		
	exemptions pursuant to Texas Human Resources Code, §31.012(c) and		
	voluntarily participates in the Choices program.		
(c)	A Board may allow a reduction to the requirement in subsection (a)(3) of this section		
	if a parent's documented medical disability or need to care for a physically or		
	mentally disabled family member prevents the parent from participating in work,		
	education, or job training activities for the required hours per week.		
(4)	For numerous of marting the advantion requirements stimulated in subsection (a)(2) α		
(u	For purposes of meeting the education requirements stipulated in subsection (a)(3) of this section, the following shall apply:		
	uns section, the ronowing shan appry.		
	(1) each credit hour of undergraduate education counts as three hours of education		
	activity per week; and		
	(2) each credit hour of a condensed undergraduate education course counts as six		
	education activity hours per week.		
•	rovisions of this §809.48 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336;		
amend Janua	ded to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective try 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529 ded to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437		
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amendamendamendamendamendamendamendamend	 ded to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective try 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529 ded to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 ded to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 ded to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 ded to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 ded to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 ded to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529 ded to be		

1 2 3	the foster parent is the owner, director, assistant director or other individual with an ownership interest in the provider.
4 The pro 5 amendo	ovisions of this §809.49 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ed to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529
6 7 Return 8	to Table of Contents
	0. At-Risk Child Care.
	A parent is eligible for child care services under this section if at initial eligibility determination and at eligibility redetermination as described in §809.42 of this chapter:
15 16 17	(1) the family income does not exceed the income limit pursuant to §809.41 of this chapter; and
17 18 19 20 21 22	(2) child care is required for the parent to work or attend a job training or educational program for a combination of at least an average of 25 hours per week for a single-parent family or a total combined 50 hours per week for a dual-parent family.
	A Board may allow a reduction to the work, education, or job training activity requirements in subsection (a)(2) of this section if a parent's documented medical disability or need to care for a physically or mentally disabled family member prevents the parent from participating in these activities for the required hours per week.
	For purposes of meeting the education requirements stipulated in subsection (a)(2) of this section, the following shall apply:
32 33 34	(1) each credit hour of undergraduate education counts as three hours of education activity per week;
35 36 37	(2) each credit hour of a condensed undergraduate education course counts as six education activity hours per week; and
38 39 40	(3) teen parents attending high school or the equivalent shall be considered as meeting the education requirements in subsection (a)(2) of this section.
	When calculating income eligibility for a child with disabilities, a Board shall deduct the cost of the child's ongoing medical expenses from the family income.
	A teen parent's family income is based solely on the teen parent's income and size of the teen's family as defined in §809.2 of this chapter.

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§ 809.51.	Child Ca	are during Interruptions in Work, Education, or Job Training.
ch if th re di	napter, and the child is subchedeterming	r a child experiencing homelessness, as described in \$809.52 of this and for child care during job search, as described in \$809.56 of this chapter, a met all of the applicable eligibility requirements for child care services in apter on the date of the most recent eligibility determination or nation, the child shall be considered to be eligible and will receive services 12-month eligibility period described in \$809.42 of this chapter, of any:
(1		age in family income, if that family income does not exceed 85 percent of for a family of the same size; or
(2	atter	porary change in the ongoing status of the child's parent as working or adding a job training or education program. A temporary change shall ade, at a minimum, any:
	(A)	time-limited absence from work for an employed parent for periods of family leave (including parental leave) or sick leave;
	(B)	interruption in work for a seasonal worker who is not working between regular industry work seasons;
	(C)	student holiday or breaks within a semester, between the fall and spring semesters, or between the spring and fall semesters, for a parent participating in training or education;
	(D)	reduction in work, training, or education hours, as long as the parent is still working or attending a training or education program;
	(E)	other cessation of work or attendance in a training or education program that does not exceed three months;
	(F)	change in age, including turning 13 years old or a child with disabilities turning 19 years old during the eligibility period; and
	(G)	change in residency within the state.
	_	e period of time between eligibility redeterminations, a Board shall are child care services due to a parent's loss of work or cessation of

1 2 3		attendance at a job training or educational program that does not constitute a temporary change in accordance with subsection (a)(2) of this section. However, Boards must ensure that care continues at the same level for a period of not less than		
4 5		three months after such loss of work or cessation of attendance at a job training or educational program.		
6				
7	(c)	If a parent resumes work or attendance at a job training or education program at any		
8 9		level and at any time during the period described in subsection (b) of this section, then the Board shall ensure that:		
10				
11 12		(1) care will continue to the end of the 12-month eligibility period at the same or greater level, depending upon any increase in the activity hours of the parent;		
12 13				
14		(2) the parent share of cost will not be increased during the remainder of the 12-		
15		month eligibility period, including for parents who are exempt from the parent		
16 17		share of cost pursuant to §809.19 of this chapter; and		
18		(3) the Board's child care contractor verifies only:		
19		(3) the Board's enfid care contractor verifies only.		
20		(A) that the family income does not exceed 85 percent of SMI; and		
21 22 23 24 25 26		(B) the resumption of work or attendance at a job training or education program.		
24 25 26	(d)	The Board may suspend child care services during interruptions in the parent's work, job training, or education status only at the concurrence of the parent.		
27 28 29	_	ovisions of this §809.51 adopted to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; ed to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437		
30 31	Returi	n to Table of Contents		
32 33 34	§ 809. 5	2. Child Care for Children Experiencing Homelessness.		
35 36	(a)	For a child experiencing homelessness, as defined in §809.2, a Board shall ensure that the child is initially enrolled for a period of three months.		
37 38 39	(b)	If, during the three-month initial enrollment period, the parent of a child experiencing homelessness:		
40 41 42 43		(1) is unable to provide documentation verifying that the child is eligible under §809.41(a)(1) - (2) (regarding age and citizenship status), then care shall be discontinued following the three-month enrollment period; or		

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(2) provides documentation verifying eligibility under §809.41(a), then care shall continue through the end of the 12-month initial eligibility period (inclusive of the three-month initial enrollment period).

The provisions of this §809.52 adopted to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529

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§809.53. Child Care for Children Served by Special Projects.

- (a) Special projects developed in federal and state statutes or regulations and funded using non-CCDF sources may add groups of children eligible to receive child care.
- (b) The eligibility criteria as stated in the statutes, regulations, or funding sources shall control for the special project, unless otherwise indicated by the Commission.
- (c) The time limit for receiving child care for children served by special projects may be:
 - (1) specifically prescribed by federal or state statutes or regulations according to the particular project;
 - (2) otherwise set by the Commission depending on the purpose and goals of the special project; and
 - (3) limited to the availability of funds.

The provisions of this §809.53 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529

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§809.54. Continuity of Care.

- (a) Enrolled children, including children whose eligibility for Transitional child care has expired, shall receive child care through the end of the applicable eligibility periods described in §809.42.
- (b) Except as provided by §809.75 relating to child care during appeal, nothing in this chapter shall be interpreted in a manner as to result in a child being removed from care.
- (c) In closed DFPS CPS cases (DFPS cases) where child care is no longer funded by DFPS, child care shall continue through the end of the applicable eligibility periods described in §809.42 using funds allocated to the Board by the Commission.

- (d) A Board shall ensure that no enrolled children of military parents in military deployment have a disruption of child care services or eligibility during military deployment, including parents in military deployment at the end of the 12-month eligibility redetermination period.
- (e) A Board shall ensure that a child who is required by a court-ordered custody or visitation arrangement to leave a provider's care is permitted to continue receiving child care by the same provider, or another provider if agreed to by the parent in advance of the leave, upon return from the court-ordered custody or visitation arrangement.

The provisions of this §809.54 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529

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§809.55. Waiting Period for Reapplication.

- (a) A parent is ineligible to reapply for child care services or to be placed on the waiting list for services for 60 calendar days if the parent's eligibility or the child's enrollment is terminated due to:
 - (1) excessive unexplained absences under §809.78 of this chapter; or
 - (2) nonpayment of parent share of cost pursuant to a Board's established policy under §809.19 of this chapter.
- (b) To ensure full alignment between Child Care Services rules and the Choices program requirements, the provisions of subsection (a) of this section will not apply to individuals who, during the 60-calendar day waiting period:
 - (1) become Choices participants who require child care to participate in Choices; or
 - (2) are on Choices sanction status and require child care to demonstrate participation in Choices.

The provisions of this §809.55 adopted to be effective August 1, 2018, 43 TexReg 4744; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.56. Child Care during Initial Job Search.

- (a) A parent, including a parent in a dual-parent family, is eligible for child care services under this section if at initial eligibility determination the family does not meet the minimum participation requirements for At-Risk Child Care as described in §809.50 of this chapter.
- (b) A Board shall allow parents to self-attest that the:
 - (1) family meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this section; and
 - (2) family income does not exceed 85 percent of the state median income.
- (c) Child care under this section is limited to an initial three-month job search period. If total activity participation of at least 25 hours for a single-parent family or a total combined 50 hours per week for dual-parent families, which must include a minimum of 12 hours in employment for a single-parent family and a total combined 25 hours in employment for a dual-parent family, are met within the initial three months, eligibility will continue for a total of 12 months, inclusive of the care provided during the initial job search period, provided that the family income does not exceed 85 percent of the state median income. If the family does not meet minimum activity requirements under this subsection within three months, care must be terminated.
- (d) For child care during the initial three-month job search period, the follow applies regarding the parent share of cost:
 - (1) A Board shall initially assess the parent share of cost at the highest amount based on the family size and number of children in care.
 - (2) The initially assessed amount will immediately be temporarily reduced to zero. This provision also applies to dual-parent families in which one parent is employed but the family meets the requirements in subsection (a) of this section for child care during initial job search.
 - (3) If the parent begins to meet participation requirements of subsection (c) of this section within or by the end of the three-month job search period, the parent share of cost shall be reinstated at the initially assessed amount or the amount based on the actual family income, whichever is lower.
- (e) Eligibility for child care under this section is limited to one initial three-month job search period per family within a 12-month period.
- (f) A Board shall ensure that the parent in child care for job search is registered with the state's labor exchange system and has access to appropriate services available through the one-stop delivery network described in §801.28 of this title.

The provisions of this §809.56 adopted to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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SUBCHAPTER D. PARENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

§809.71. Parent Rights.

A Board shall ensure that the Board's child care contractor informs the parent in writing that the parent has the right to:

- (1) choose the type of child care provider that best suits their needs and to be informed of all child care options available to them as included in the consumer education information described in §809.15 of this chapter;
- (2) visit available child care providers before making their choice of a child care option;
- (3) receive assistance in choosing initial or additional child care referrals including information about the Board's policies regarding transferring children from one provider to another, which shall include a waiting period of two weeks before the effective date of a transfer, except in cases in which the provider is subject to a CCR action, as described in §809.94 of this chapter; when the transfer is authorized by CPS for a child in protective services; or on a case-by-case basis determined by the Board;
- (4) be informed of the Commission rules and Board policies related to providers charging parents amounts above the assessed parent share of cost" as described in §809.92 of this chapter;
- (5) be represented when applying for child care services;
- (6) be notified of their eligibility to receive child care services within 20 calendar days from the day the Board's child care contractor receives all necessary documentation required to initially determine eligibility for child care;
- (7) receive child care services regardless of race, color, national origin, age, sex, disability, political beliefs, or religion;
- (8) have the Board and the Board's child care contractor treat information used to determine eligibility for child care services as confidential;
- (9) receive written notification at least 15 calendar days before termination of child care services;

1 2	(10) reject an offer of child care services or voluntarily withdraw their child from child care, unless the child is in protective services;
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4 5	(11) be informed of the possible consequences of rejecting or ending the child care that is offered;
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7 8	(12) be informed of the eligibility documentation and reporting requirements described in §809.72 and §809.73 of this chapter;
9	
10	(13) be informed of the parent appeal rights described in §809.74 of this chapter;
11	
12	(14) be informed of required background and criminal history checks for relative
13	child care providers through the listing process with CCR as described in
14	§809.91 of this chapter before the parent or guardian selects the relative child
15	care provider;
16	
17	(15) receive written notification pursuant to §809.78 of this chapter of the possible
18	termination of child care services for excessive absences, as described in
19	§809.78 of this chapter; and
20	
21	(16) receive written notification of possible termination of child care services for
22 23	failure to pay the parent share of cost, pursuant to §809.19 of this chapter.
24	The provisions of this §809.71 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336;
25	amended to be effective November 14, 2011, 36 TexReg 7675; amended to be effective
26 27	January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529, amended to be effective August 1, 2018, 43 TexReg 4744; amended to be effective July 6,
28	2020, 45 TexReg 4528; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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30	Return to Table of Contents
31	
32	§809.72. Parent Eligibility Documentation Requirements.
33	
34	(a) Parents shall provide the Board's child care contractor with all information necessary
35	to determine initial eligibility according to the Board's administrative policies and
36	procedures before a child can be initially determined or redetermined eligible for
37	child care services and care authorized, unless the child is experiencing
38	homelessness pursuant to §809.52 of this chapter or receiving child care during
39	initial job search pursuant to §809.56 of this chapter.
40	-
41	(b) A parent's failure to submit eligibility documentation shall result in initial denial of
42	child care services or termination of services at the 12-month eligibility

redetermination period.

The provisions of this §809.72 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.73. Parent Reporting Requirements.

- (a) Boards shall ensure that during the 12-month eligibility period described in §809.41 of this chapter, or during the three-month initial job search period and the subsequent eligibility period described in §809.56 of this chapter, parents are only required to report items that impact a family's eligibility or that enable the Board or Board contractor to contact the family or pay the provider.
- (b) Pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, parents shall report to the child care contractor, within 14 calendar days of the occurrence, the following:
 - (1) Changes in family income or family size that would cause the family to exceed 85 percent of SMI for a family of the same size;
 - (2) Changes in work or attendance at a job training or educational program not considered to be temporary changes, as described in §809.51 of this chapter; and
 - (3) Any change in family residence, primary phone number, or e-mail (if available).
- (c) Failure to report changes described in subsection (a) of this section may result in fact-finding for suspected fraud as described in Subchapter F of this chapter.
- (d) A Board shall allow parents to report, and the child care contractor shall take appropriate action, regarding changes in:
 - (1) income and family size, which may result in a reduction in the parent share of cost pursuant to §809.19 of this chapter; and
 - (2) work, job training, or education program participation that may result in an increase in the level of child care services.

The provisions of this §809.73 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.74. Parent Appeal Rights.

- (a) Unless otherwise stated in this section, a parent may request a hearing pursuant to Chapter 823 of this title:
 - (1) if the parent's eligibility or child's enrollment is denied, delayed, reduced, suspended, or terminated by the Board's child care contractor, Choices caseworker, or SNAP E&T caseworker; or
 - (2) regarding the amount of recoupment determined pursuant to Subchapter F of this chapter.
- (b) A parent may have an individual represent him or her during this process.
- (c) A parent of a child in protective services may not appeal pursuant to Chapter 823 of this title, but shall follow the procedures established by DFPS.

The provisions of this §809.74 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective November 26, 2007, 32 TexReg 8543; amended to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529

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§809.75. Child Care during Appeal.

- (a) For a child currently enrolled in child care, a Board shall ensure that child care services continue during the appeal process until a decision is reached, if the parent requests a hearing.
- (b) A Board shall ensure that child care does not continue during the appeal process if the child's enrollment is terminated due to excessive unexplained absences, pursuant to \$809.78(a) of this chapter, or nonpayment of parent share of cost, pursuant to \$809.19 of this chapter.
- (c) The cost of providing services during the appeal process is subject to recovery from the parent by the Board if the appeal decision is rendered against the parent.

The provisions of this §809.75 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective September 8, 2008, 33 TexReg 7568; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective August 1, 2018, 43 TexReg 4744; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.78. Attendance Standards and Notice and Reporting Requirements.

- (a) A Board shall ensure that parents are notified of the following:
 - (1) Parents shall ensure that the eligible child attends on a regular basis consistent with the child's authorization for enrollment and attendance standards described in paragraph (2) of this subsection. Failure to meet attendance standards described in paragraph (2) of this subsection may result in termination for the child due to excessive unexplained absences pursuant to subsection (d) of this section.
 - (2) Meeting attendance standards for child care services consists of no more than 40 total unexplained absences in a 12-month eligibility period.
 - (3) Unexplained absences may include:
 - (A) Any absence that is not due to a child's documented chronic illness or disability, or to a court-ordered custody or visitation agreement; or
 - (B) Any missed attendance recording that cannot be explained, except if the attendance reporting system is not available through no fault of the parent or provider.
 - (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, child care providers may end a child's enrollment with the provider if the child does not meet the provider's established policy regarding attendance.
 - (5) Parents shall report attendance and absences and adhere to Agency procedures for reporting attendance and absences, including the use of the Agency's attendance reporting system.
- (b) Boards shall ensure that parents sign a written acknowledgment indicating their understanding of the attendance standards and reporting requirements at each of the following stages:
 - (1) initial eligibility determination; and

1	(2) each eligibility redetermination, as required in §809.42 of this chapter.
2 3	(c) Boards shall ensure that absences due to a child's documented chronic illness or
4	(c) Boards shall ensure that absences due to a child's documented chronic illness or disability or court-ordered visitation are not counted in the number of unexplained
5	absences in subsection (a)(2) and (3) of this section.
6	absences in subsection $(a)(2)$ and (3) or this section.
7	(d) Boards shall ensure that before terminating care pursuant to subsection (a)(1) of this
8	section, the child care contractor:
9	
10	(1) provides written notice to the parent and the child care provider at reasonable
11	times through established communication channels of the child's absences and
12	the potential termination of services, at a minimum as soon as practicable after
13	child reaches 15, and 30 general absences cumulatively within a 12-month
14	eligibility period; and
15	
16	(2) documents that multiple attempts were made, as described in paragraph (1) of
17	this subsection, to determine why the child is absent and to explain the
18	importance of regular attendance.
19	(a) Where a shild same liment has been anded by a mariden in subscribe (a)(4) of this
20 21	(e) Where a child's enrollment has been ended by a provider in subsection (a)(4) of this section, Boards shall work with the parent to place the otherwise eligible child with
22	another eligible provider.
23	another engine provider.
24	The provisions of this §809.78 adopted to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155;
25	amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective August 1,
26	2018, 43 TexReg 4744; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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30	SUBCHAPTER E. REQUIREMENTS TO PROVIDE CHILD CARE
31	6000 01 MC ' D ' 4 . C D ' I
32	§809.91. Minimum Requirements for Providers.
33 34	(a) A Board shall ensure that child care subsidies are paid only to:
35	(a) A Board shall ensure that child care subsidies are paid only to.
36	(1) regulated child care providers as described in §809.2 of this chapter meeting
37	the Texas Rising Star requirements as a certified provider, or designated as an
38	Entry Level provider for the prescribed time periods as described in §809.131
39	of this chapter;
40	1 /
41	(2) relative child care providers, as described in §809.2 of this chapter, subject to
42	the requirements in subsection (e) of this section; or
43	
44	(3) at the Board's option, child care providers licensed in a neighboring state,
45	subject to the following requirements:
46	

1 2 3 4 5		(A)	Boards shall ensure that the Board's child care contractor reviews the licensing status of the out-of-state provider every month, at a minimum, to confirm the provider is meeting the minimum licensing standards of the state.
6 7		(B)	Boards shall ensure that the out-of-state provider meets the requirements of the neighboring state to serve CCDF-subsidized children.
8 9 10 11		(C)	The provider shall agree to comply with the requirements of this chapter and all Board policies and Board child care contractor procedures.
12 13 14	(b)		nall not prohibit a relative child care provider that is listed with CCR and minimum requirements of this section from being an eligible relative child der.
16 17 18	(c)	designation	provided by the criteria for Texas Rising Star Provider certification or in, a Board or the Board's child care contractor shall not place requirements ed providers that:
20			ed Entry Level designation requirements or the state licensing irements stipulated in Texas Human Resources Code, Chapter 42; or
21 22 23 24 25			the effect of monitoring the provider for compliance with state licensing irements stipulated in Texas Human Resources Code, Chapter 42.
26 27 28 29	(d)	responsibilistandards,	ard or the Board's child care contractor, in the course of fulfilling its lities, gains knowledge of any possible violation regarding regulatory the Board or its child care contractor shall report the information to the e regulatory agency.
30 31 32	(e)		e child care providers to be eligible for reimbursement for Commission- ild care services, the following applies:
33 34 35 36 37		§98. ₄	tive child care providers shall list with CCR; however, pursuant to 45 CFR 41(e), relative child care providers listed with CCR shall be exempt from ealth and safety requirements of 45 CFR §98.41(a).
38 39		` '	oard shall allow relative child care providers to care for a child in the l's home (in-home child care) only for the following:
10 11 12		(A)	A child with disabilities as defined in §809.2 of this chapter, and his or her siblings;
11 12 13 14 15		(B)	A child under 18 months of age and his or her siblings;
16		(C)	A child of a teen parent; and

- (D) When the parent's work schedule requires evening, overnight, or weekend child care in which taking the child outside of the child's home would be disruptive to the child.
- (3) A Board may allow relative in-home child care for circumstances in which the Board's child care contractor determines and documents that other child care provider arrangements are not available in the community.
- (f) Boards shall ensure that subsidies are not paid for a child at the following child care providers:
 - (1) Except for foster parents authorized by DFPS pursuant to §809.49 of this chapter, licensed child care centers, including before- or after-school programs and school-age programs, in which the parent or his or her spouse, including the child's parent or stepparent, is the director or assistant director, or has an ownership interest; or
 - (2) Licensed, registered, or listed child care homes where the parent also works during the hours his or her child is in care.

The provisions of this §809.91 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective June 24, 2007, 32 TexReg 3698; amended to be effective October 18, 2010, 35 TexReg 9359; amended to be effective November 14, 2011, 36 TexReg 7675; amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 39 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective July 6, 2020, 45 TexReg 4528; amended to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.92. Provider Responsibilities and Reporting Requirements.

- (a) A Board shall ensure that providers are given written notice of and agree to their responsibilities, reporting requirements, and requirements for reimbursement under this subchapter prior to enrolling a child.
- (b) Providers shall:
 - (1) be responsible for collecting the parent share of cost as assessed under §809.19 of this chapter before child care services are delivered;
 - (2) be responsible for collecting other child care funds received by the parent as described in §809.21 of this chapter;
 - (3) report to the Board or the Board's child care contractor instances in which the

1 2		parent fails to pay the parent share of cost; and
3 4 5		(4) follow attendance reporting and tracking procedures required by the Commission under §809.95 of this chapter, the Board, or, if applicable, the Board's child care contractor.
6 7 8	(c)	Providers shall not charge more than the Board's reimbursement rate as determined under §809.21 of this chapter to parents:
9 10 11		(1) who are exempt from the parent share of cost assessment under §809.19 of this chapter;
12 13 14		(2) whose parent share of cost is calculated to be zero pursuant to \$809.19 of this chapter; or.
15 16 17		(3) parents in Child Care during Initial Job Search under §809.56 of this chapter during the initial three-month period.
18 19 20 21 22 23	(d)	A Board may develop a policy that allows providers to charge parents more than the assessed parent share of cost in instances where the provider's published rate exceeds the Board's reimbursement rate (including the assessed parent share of cost) to all parents not included in subsection (c) of this section.
23 24 25 26 27	(e)	For Boards that allow providers to charge additional amounts pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the Board must ensure the provider reports to the Board each month:
28 29		(1) the specific families that were charged an additional amount above the assessed amount;
30 31 32		(2) the frequency with which each family was charged; and
33 34		(3) the amount of each additional charge.
35 36	(f)	Boards that develop a policy under subsection (d) of this section must:
37 38 39 40 41		(1) provide the rationale for the Board's policy to allow providers to charge families additional amounts above the required copayment, including a demonstration of how the policy promotes affordability and access for families; and
42 43 44 45		(2) describe the Board's analysis of the interaction between the additional amounts charged to families with the required parent share of cost and the ability of current reimbursement rates to provide access to care without additional fees.

(g) Providers shall not deny a child care referral based on the parent's income status,

	receipt of public assistance, or the child's protective service status.
(h)	Providers shall not charge fees to a parent receiving child care subsidies that are not charged to a parent who is not receiving subsidies.
amend	ovisions of this §809.92 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; ed to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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§ 809.9	3. Provider Reimbursement.
(a)	A Board shall ensure that reimbursement for child care is paid only to the provider.
(b)	A Board or its child care contractor shall reimburse a regulated provider based on a child's monthly enrollment authorization, excluding periods of suspension at the concurrence of the parent, as described in §809.51(d) of this chapter.
(c)	A Board shall ensure that a relative child care provider is not reimbursed for days on which the child is absent.
(d)	A relative child care provider shall not be reimbursed for more children than permitted by the CCR minimum regulatory standards for Registered Child Care Homes. A Board may permit more children to be cared for by a relative child care provider on a case-by-case basis as determined by the Board.
(e)	A Board shall not reimburse providers that are debarred from other state or federal programs unless and until the debarment is removed.
(f)	Unless otherwise determined by the Board and approved by the Commission for automated reporting purposes, the monthly enrollment authorization described in subsection (b) of this section is based on the unit of service authorized, as follows:
	(1) A full-day unit of service is 6 to 12 hours of care provided within a 24-hour period;
	(2) A part-day unit of service is fewer than 6 hours of care provided within a 24-hour period; and
	(3) A blended-day unit of service is for a child enrolled in a school program, pre- K, HS, or EHS in which child care is part-day with care provided occasionally on a full-day basis.
(g)	A Board or its child care contractor shall ensure that providers are not paid for holding spaces open without a valid contracted slots agreement, as described in

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1	§809.96 of this chapter.
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3	(h) The Board or its child care contractor shall not reimburse a provider retroactively for
4	new Board maximum reimbursement rates or new provider published rates.
5	
6	(i) A Board or its child care contractor shall ensure that the parent's travel time to and
7	from the child care facility and the parent's work, school, or job training site is
8	included in determining the enrollment authorized under subsection (f) of this
9	section.
10	
11	(j) Effective December 1, 2023, a Board shall pay regulated child care providers
12	prospectively every two weeks based on the enrollment authorization described in
13	subsection (b) of this section.
14	subsection (b) of this section.
15	
16	The provisions of this §809.93 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336;
17	amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1,
18	•
	2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective August 1, 2018, 43 TexReg 4774; amended to
19	be effective July 6, 2020, 45 TexReg 4528; amended to be effective January 25, 2021, 46
20	TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
21	Determ to Table of Contents
22	Return to Table of Contents
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24 25	§809.94. Providers Placed on Corrective or Adverse Action by Child Care Regulation.
7.7	
26	(a) For a provider placed on probation corrective action (probationary status) by CCR,
26 27	(a) For a provider placed on probation corrective action (probationary status) by CCR, Boards shall ensure that:
26 27 28	Boards shall ensure that:
26 27 28 29	Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing
26 27 28 29 30	Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after
26 27 28 29 30 31	Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 Boards shall ensure that: (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible provider without being subject to the Board transfer policies described in §809.71 of
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible provider without being subject to the Board transfer policies described in §809.71 of this chapter if the parent requests the transfer within 14 calendar days of receiving
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible provider without being subject to the Board transfer policies described in §809.71 of this chapter if the parent requests the transfer within 14 calendar days of receiving such notification.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible provider without being subject to the Board transfer policies described in §809.71 of this chapter if the parent requests the transfer within 14 calendar days of receiving such notification. (c) For a provider placed on probationary status by CCR, Boards shall ensure that the
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	 (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible provider without being subject to the Board transfer policies described in \$809.71 of this chapter if the parent requests the transfer within 14 calendar days of receiving such notification. (c) For a provider placed on probationary status by CCR, Boards shall ensure that the provider is not reimbursed at the Boards' enhanced reimbursement rates described in
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	 (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible provider without being subject to the Board transfer policies described in §809.71 of this chapter if the parent requests the transfer within 14 calendar days of receiving such notification. (c) For a provider placed on probationary status by CCR, Boards shall ensure that the
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	 (1) parents with children in Commission-funded child care are notified in writing of the provider's probationary status no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency of CCR's decision to place the provider on probationary status; and (2) no new referrals are made to the provider while on probationary status. (b) A parent receiving notification of a provider's probationary status with CCR pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may transfer the child to another eligible provider without being subject to the Board transfer policies described in \$809.71 of this chapter if the parent requests the transfer within 14 calendar days of receiving such notification. (c) For a provider placed on probationary status by CCR, Boards shall ensure that the provider is not reimbursed at the Boards' enhanced reimbursement rates described in

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- (1) parents with children enrolled in Commission-funded child care are notified no later than two business days after receiving notification from the Agency that CCR intends to take adverse action against the provider;
- (2) children enrolled in Commission-funded child care with the provider are transferred to another eligible provider no later than five business days after receiving notification from the Agency that CCR intends to take adverse action against the provider; and
- (3) no new referrals for Commission-funded child care are made to the provider while CCR is taking adverse action.

The provisions of this §809.94 adopted to be effective June 22, 2009, 34 TexReg 4201; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective July 6, 2020, 45 TexReg 4528; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.95. Provider Automated Attendance Agreement.

Boards shall notify providers of the following:

- (1) The owner, director, assistant director, or other employees of child care providers shall not:
 - (A) possess, have on the premises, or otherwise have access to a parent's information to access the Agency's attendance system; or
 - (B) perform the attendance or absence reporting function on behalf of the parent;
- (2) Providers shall report misuse of the Agency's automated attendance system to the Board or the Board's child care contractor;
- (3) Providers shall report to the child care contractor authorized days that do not match the referral in the Agency's automated attendance system within five days of receiving the authorization. Failure to report the discrepancy may result in withholding payment to the provider; and
- (4) Misuse of attendance reporting and violation of the requirements in this section are grounds for a potential fraud determination pursuant to Subchapter F of this chapter.

The provisions of this §809.95 adopted to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437

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§809.96. Contracted Slots Agreements.

- (a) In this section, the term "contracted slots agreement" is defined as a Board entering into a contract with a child care provider to reserve a specific number of places, or slots, for children participating in the child care subsidy program. This contract shall:
 - (1) define the number of slots to be reserved by age group (infant, toddler, preschool, or school-age); and
 - (2) meet the eligibility requirements as described in subsection (e) of this section.
- (b) Boards may enter into a contracted slots agreement with providers that agree to provide subsidized child care services to eligible children residing in the Board's workforce area.
- (c) A Board that enters into a contracted slots agreement shall include this strategy in the Board Plan, as described in §809.12 of this chapter.
- (d) Each contract between a Board and a provider must identify the number of places (slots) to be reserved for children participating in the child care subsidy program.
- (e) To be eligible for a contract, a child care provider must be a Texas Rising Star Three-Star or Four-Star provider and meet one of the following priorities:
 - (1) Be located in:
 - (A) a child care desert; or
 - (B) an underserved area that has been identified by a Board as having an inadequate supply of child care in accordance with the parameters described in the CCDF State Plan.
 - (2) Have a recognized partnership with local school districts to provide pre-K services;
 - (3) Have a recognized partnership with EHS or HS;
 - (4) Increase the number of places reserved for infants and toddlers by high-quality child care providers; or

- (5) Satisfy a priority identified in the Board's plan, as described in §809.12 of this chapter.
- (f) A Board that enters into a contracted slots agreement may continue payment for reserved slots during times of transition between the time that one child leaves the program and another child is placed in the slot. The period of continued payment shall adhere to the Board's policy for contracted slots agreements and may not exceed one month following the month of the vacancy.
- (g) Except for children directly referred from recognized partnerships, as described in §809.22 of this chapter, to fill open reserved slots, Boards shall contact families in order of the Board's waiting list:
 - (1) that requested care in the ZIP code where the provider with the open reserved slot is located; and
 - (2) whose child is in the age group for which a slot is available.
- (h) In accordance with Commission guidelines, Boards that enter into contracted slots agreements shall submit a report to the Commission within six months of entering into a contract, determining the contract's effect on the:
 - (1) financial stability of providers participating in the contract;
 - (2) availability of high-quality child care options available to participants in the Commission's subsidy program;
 - (3) number of high-quality providers in any part of the workforce area with a high concentration of families that need child care;
 - (4) percentage of children participating in the Commission's subsidized child care program at each Texas Rising Star provider in the workforce area; and
 - (5) additional information as requested by the Commission.
- (i) A Board shall resubmit the report every 12 months from the due date of the Board's initial report to the Commission.

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(2) other corrective action as provided in this chapter or as may be appropriate.

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(f) The Board shall ensure that a final fact-finding report is submitted to the Commission after a case is returned to the Board or its child care contractor and all feasible avenues of fact-finding and corrective actions have been exhausted.

The provisions of this §809.111 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; amended to be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529

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§809.112. Suspected Fraud.

- (a) A parent, provider, or any other person in a position to commit fraud may be suspected of fraud if the person presents or causes to be presented to the Board or its child care contractor one or more of the following items:
 - (1) A request for reimbursement in excess of the amount charged by the provider for the child care; or
 - (2) A claim for child care services if evidence indicates that the person may have:
 - (A) known, or should have known, that child care services were not provided as claimed:
 - (B) known, or should have known, that information provided is false or fraudulent;
 - (C) received child care services during a period in which the parent or child was not eligible for services;
 - (D) known, or should have known, that child care subsidies were provided to a person not eligible to be a provider; or
 - (E) otherwise indicated that the person knew or should have known that the actions were in violation of this chapter or state or federal statute or regulations relating to child care services.
- (b) The following parental actions may be grounds for suspected fraud and cause for Boards to conduct fraud fact-finding or the Commission to initiate a fraud investigation:
 - (1) Not reporting or falsely reporting at initial eligibility or at eligibility redetermination:
 - (A) household composition, or income sources or amounts that would have resulted in ineligibility or a higher parent share of cost; or

	(B	, , ,
		ineligibility; or
	(2) No	t reporting during the 12-month eligibility period inclusive of the three-
	month initial job search period, if applicable:	
	(A	 changes in income or household composition that would cause the family income to exceed 85 percent of SMI (taking into consideration fluctuations of income); or
	(B	a permanent loss of job or cessation of training or education that exceeds three months; or
	(C	c) improper or inaccurate reporting of attendance.
amen		of this §809.112 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336 effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3 g 6437
Retur	n to Tabl	e of Contents
§ 809 .	113. Actio	on to Prevent or Correct Suspected Fraud.
(a)	The Cou	mmission or Board may take the following actions pursuant to Commission
(a ₂		f the Commission or Board finds that a provider has committed fraud:
		emporary withholding of payments to the provider for child care services elivered;
	(2) No	onpayment of child care services delivered;
	(3) Re	ecoupment of funds from the provider;
	(4) St	op authorizing care at the provider's facility or location;
		rohibiting future eligibility to provide Commission-funded child care ervices; or
		ny other action consistent with the intent of the governing statutes or gulations to investigate, prevent, or stop suspected fraud.
(b)		mmission or Board may take the following actions pursuant to Commission
	policy if	f the Commission or Board finds that a parent has committed fraud:

1		
2		ohibiting future child care eligibility, provided that the prohibition does not
3	re	sult in a Choices or SNAPE&T participant becoming ineligible for child
4	ca	re;
5		
6	(3) lir	niting the enrollment of the parent's child to a regulated child care provider;
7		
8	(4) te	rminating care during the 12-month eligibility period if eligibility was
9		etermined using fraudulent information provided by the parent; or
10		
11	(5) ar	y other action consistent with the intent of the governing statutes or
12	, ,	gulations to investigate, prevent, or stop suspected fraud.
13		Swittens to investigate, proving or stop suspected reader
14	The provisions	of this §809.113 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336;
15	-	effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1,
16	2016, 41 TexRe	••
17	2010, 71 10,110,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
18	Return to Table	e of Contents
19	Actual to Tubi	of Contents
20	8800 114 Failu	re to Comply with Commission Rules and Board Policies.
21	3007.114. Fanu	Te to comply with commission Rules and Board I oncies.
22	(a) The Box	ard shall ensure that parents and providers comply with Commission rules.
23	(a) The Boo	ind shall clisure that parents and providers comply with commission rules.
	(h) The Cor	amission. Doord on Doord's shild some contractor may consider failure by a
24	, ,	nmission, Board or Board's child care contractor may consider failure by a
25	-	r or parent to comply with this chapter as an act that may warrant corrective
26	and adv	erse action as detailed in §809.115 (relating to Corrective Adverse Actions).
27	(a) Fall ana l	
28	* *	by a provider or parent to comply with this chapter shall also be considered a
29		of contract, which may also result in corrective action as detailed in this
30	subchap	oter.
31		
32	The provisions of	of this §809.114 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336
33		
34	Return to Tabl	e of Contents
35		
36	§809.115. Corr	ective Adverse Actions.
37		
38		etermining appropriate corrective actions, the Board or Board's child care
39	contract	or shall consider:
40		
41	(1) th	e scope of the violation;
42	. ,	•
43	(2) th	e severity of the violation; and
44	` /	•
45	(3) th	e compliance history of the person or entity.
46	(- /	

(a) - (c) of this section against a provider when a provider performs the attendance reporting function on behalf of a parent.(e) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to require the Board's child cannot be a provider performs the attendance reporting function on behalf of a parent.			
 (2) Moving children to another provider selected by the parent; (3) Withholding provider payments or reimbursement of costs incurred; and (4) Recoupment of funds. (c) When a provider violates a provision of Subchapter E of this chapter, a written Service Improvement Agreement may be negotiated between the provider and the Board or the Board's child care contractor. At the least, the Service Improvement Agreement shall include the following: (1) The basis for the Service Improvement Agreement; (2) The steps required to reach compliance including, if applicable, technical assistance; (3) The time limits for implementing the improvements; and (4) The consequences of noncompliance with the Service Improvement Agreement. (d) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to ensure that the Board or the Board's child care contractor take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a provider when a provider performs the attendance reporting function on behalf of a parent. (e) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to require the Board's child care contractor to take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a parent when a parent violates the Commission rules and procedures related to attendance reporting. The provisions of this \$809.115 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 33 amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 Return to Table of Contents \$809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent. 	(b)	Co	rrective actions for providers may include, but are not limited to, the following:
 (3) Withholding provider payments or reimbursement of costs incurred; and (4) Recoupment of funds. (c) When a provider violates a provision of Subchapter E of this chapter, a written Service Improvement Agreement may be negotiated between the provider and the Board or the Board's child care contractor. At the least, the Service Improvement Agreement shall include the following: (1) The basis for the Service Improvement Agreement; (2) The steps required to reach compliance including, if applicable, technical assistance; (3) The time limits for implementing the improvements; and (4) The consequences of noncompliance with the Service Improvement Agreement. (d) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to ensure that the Board or the Board's child care contractor take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a provider when a provider performs the attendance reporting function on behalf of a parent. (e) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to require the Board's child contractor to take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a parent when a parent violates the Commission rules and procedures related to attendance reporting. The provisions of this \$809.115 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 33 amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 Return to Table of Contents \$809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent. 		(1)	Closing intake;
 (4) Recoupment of funds. (c) When a provider violates a provision of Subchapter E of this chapter, a written Service Improvement Agreement may be negotiated between the provider and the Board or the Board's child care contractor. At the least, the Service Improvement Agreement shall include the following: (1) The basis for the Service Improvement Agreement; (2) The steps required to reach compliance including, if applicable, technical assistance; (3) The time limits for implementing the improvements; and (4) The consequences of noncompliance with the Service Improvement Agreement. (d) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to ensure that the Board or the Board's child care contractor take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a provider when a provider performs the attendance reporting function on behalf of a parent. (e) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to require the Board's child care contractor to take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a parent when a parent violates the Commission rules and procedures related to attendance reporting. The provisions of this \$809.115 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 33 amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 Return to Table of Contents \$809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent. 		(2)	Moving children to another provider selected by the parent;
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Agreement. (d) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to ensure that the Board or the Board's child care contractor take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a provider when a provider performs the attendance reporting function on behalf of a parent. (e) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to require the Board's child care contractor to take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a parent when a parent violates the Commission rules and procedures related to attendance reporting. The provisions of this §809.115 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 33 amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 Return to Table of Contents §809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent.		(3)	The time limits for implementing the improvements; and
Board's child care contractor take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a provider when a provider performs the attendance reporting function on behalf of a parent. (e) The Board shall develop policies and procedures to require the Board's child care contractor to take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a parent when a parent violates the Commission rules and procedures related to attendance reporting. The provisions of this \$809.115 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 33 amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 Return to Table of Contents \$809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent.		(4)	•
contractor to take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a parent when a parent violates the Commission rules and procedures related to attendance reporting. The provisions of this §809.115 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 33 amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 Return to Table of Contents §809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent.		(d)	Board's child care contractor take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a provider when a provider performs the
amended to be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 2016, 41 TexReg 7529; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437 Return to Table of Contents §809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent.		(e)	contractor to take corrective action consistent with subsections (a) - (c) of this section against a parent when a parent violates the Commission rules and
§809.117. Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent.	amend	led to	be effective January 8, 2013, 38 TexReg 155; amended to be effective October 1
	Retur	n to T	Table of Contents
(a) A Roard shall attempt recovery of all improper payments as defined in 8809.2	§ 809. 1	17. I	Recovery of Improper Payments to a Provider or Parent.
	(e)	ΛΙ	Roard shall attempt recovery of all improper payments as defined in 8800.2

1 2 3	(b)	Recovery of improper payments shall be managed in accordance with Commission policies and procedures.	
3 4 5	(c)		provider shall repay improper payments for child care services received in the owing circumstances:
6 7		(1)	Instances involving fraud;
8			
9 0 1		(2)	Instances in which the provider did not meet the provider eligibility requirements in this chapter;
2 3 4		(3)	Instances in which the provider was paid for the child care services from another source;
5		(4)	Instances in which the provider did not deliver the child care services;
6 7 8 9		(5)	Instances in which referred children have been moved from one facility to another without authorization from the child care contractor; and
0		(6)	Other instances when repayment is deemed an appropriate action.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(d)	-	arent shall repay improper payments for child care only in the following imstances:
4 5		(1)	Instances involving fraud as defined in this subchapter;
8		(2)	Instances in which the parent has received child care services while awaiting an appeal and the determination is affirmed by the hearing officer; or
9 0 1 2 3		(3)	Instances in which the parent fails to pay the parent share of cost and the Board's policy is to pay the provider for the parent's failure to pay the parent share of cost.
4 5 6 7	(e)	(d) o amou	oard shall ensure that a parent subject to the repayment provisions in subsection of this section shall prohibit future child care eligibility until the repayment until s recovered, provided that the prohibition does not result in a Choices or AP E&T participant becoming ineligible for child care.
8 9 0 1	•		ons of this §809.117 adopted to be effective January 29, 2007, 32 TexReg 336; be effective October 1, 2016, 41 TexReg 7529
2 .3	Return	to Ta	able of Contents
4 St	U BCHAPT	ER G.	TEXAS RISING STAR PROGRAM
5 6	§ 809.1	30. Sł	hort Title and Purpose.

1 2 3	(a)	The rules contained in this subchapter may be cited as the Texas Rising Star Program rules.
		Tules.
4 5 6 7 8 9	(b)	The purpose of the Texas Rising Star Program rules is to interpret and implement Texas Government Code, §2308.3155, which requires the Commission to establish rules to administer the Texas Rising Star program, including guidelines for rating a child care provider for Texas Rising Star certification and designation of an Entry Level child care provider.
10	()	
11 12 13	(c)	The Texas Rising Star Program rules identify the organizational structure and categories of, and the scoring factors that shall be included in, the Texas Rising Star guidelines.
14 15	(d)	The Texas Rising Star guidelines shall:
16	(4)	2100 201100 21101116 2111111
17 18 19		(1) describe measures for Texas Rising Star certification that contain, at a minimum, measures for child care providers regarding:
20		(A) director and staff qualifications and training;
21		
22 23		(B) teacher-child interactions;
24		(C) program administration; and
25 26		(D) indoor/outdoor environments;
27 28		(2) specify measures that:
29		(2) Specify incustics that.
30 31		(A) must be met in order for a provider to be certified at each star level; and
32		(B) are observed and have points awarded through on-site assessments;
33		
34		(3) specify the scoring methodology and scoring thresholds for each certified star
35		level; and
36 27		(4) describe the high and medium high CCD deficiencies rejects threshold appropriate
37		(4) describe the high and medium-high CCR deficiencies points threshold pursuant
38 39		to §809.131 of this chapter and the process for designating providers at the Entry Level.
40		Lifty Level.
41	(e)	The Texas Rising Star guidelines:
42	(-)	
43		(1) shall be reviewed and updated by the Commission at a minimum of every four
44		years in conjunction with the rule review of this chapter, conducted pursuant to
45		Texas Government Code, §2001.039, and the Texas Rising Star guidelines
46		review shall:

	(A) consider input from stakeholders; and
	(B) include at least one public hearing held prior to submitting the stakeholder input to the Commission;
(2)	shall be adopted by the Commission subject to the requirements of the Texas Open Meetings Act; and
(3)	may be reviewed and amended as determined necessary by the Commission in accordance with the requirements of the Texas Open Meetings Act.
amended to	ons of this §809.130 adopted to be effective February 16, 2015, 40 TexReg 708; be effective March 14, 2016, 41 TexReg 1975; amended to be effective January 6 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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\$809.131. F	Requirements for the Texas Rising Star Program.
Star	egulated child care provider is eligible for certification under the Texas Rising r program if the provider has a current agreement to serve Commissionsidized children and:
(1)	has a permanent (nonexpiring) license or registration from CCR;
(2)	has at least 12 months of licensing history with CCR, and is not on:
	(A) corrective action with a Board pursuant to Subchapter F of this chapter;
	(B) a "Notice of Freeze" with the Commission pursuant to Texas Labor Code, Chapter 213 (Enforcement of the Texas Unemployment Compensation Act) or Chapter 61 (Payment of Wages); or
	(C) corrective or adverse action with CCR; and
(3)	meets the criteria for star-level certification in the Texas Rising Star guidelines pursuant to §809.130(d) of this subchapter.
(4)	has at minimum, a center director account registered in the Texas Early Childhood Professional Development System Workforce Registry; or
(5)	is regulated by and in good standing with the United States Military.
	gulated child care providers not meeting the Texas Rising Star certification uirements described in this subchapter and established in the Texas Rising Star

	guidelines shall be initially designated as Entry Level if the child care provider:
	(1) is not on corrective or adverse action with CCR; and
	(2) does not exceed the points threshold for high and medium-high CCR deficiencies within the most recent 12-month period as established in the guidelines.
(c)	A provider initially meeting the requirements in subsection (b) of this section is eligible for mentoring services through the Texas Rising Star program during the time periods described in subsections (d) - (f) of this section.
(d)	A provider shall be initially designated as Entry Level for no more than 24 months unless approved for a waiver under subsection (f) of this section.
(e)	An Entry Level provider will be reviewed for Texas Rising Star certification no later than the end of the 12th month of the 24-month period. If an Entry Level provider is not eligible for certification as Texas Rising Star by the end of the 18th month, the provider shall not receive referrals for new families as an Entry Level provider, unless the provider is located in a child care desert or serves an underserved population, and is approved by the Agency to accept new family referrals.
(f)	The Agency may approve a waiver to extend the time limit under subsection (d) of this section if the provider is:
	(1) located in a child care desert or serves an underserved population as determined by the Agency;
	(2) unable to meet the certification requirements due to a federal or state declared emergency/disaster; or
	(3) unable to meet the certification requirements due to conditions that the Agency determines are outside the provider's control.
(g)	Waivers approved under subsection (f) of this section shall not exceed a total of 36 months.
amen	rovisions of this §809.131 adopted to be effective February 16, 2015, 40 TexReg 708; ded to be effective January 8, 2019, 44 TexReg 114; amended to be effective January 021, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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§ 8 09.	132. Impacts on Texas Rising Star Certification.
(a)	A Texas Rising Star-certified provider shall be placed on suspension status if the

1	provider:
2	
3	(1) is placed on corrective action with a Board pursuant to Subchapter F of this
4	chapter;
5	
6	(2) is under a "Notice of Freeze" with the Commission pursuant to Texas Labor
7	Code, Chapter 213 (Enforcement of the Texas Unemployment Compensation
8	Act) or Chapter 61 (Payment of Wages);
9	(2) ' 1 1 (COP)
10	(3) is placed on corrective or adverse action by CCR
11	(A) 1 117 (A) 111 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
12 13	(4) had 15 or more total high or medium-high weighted licensing deficiencies
13	during the most recent 12-month licensing history;
14	(5) had many them form much stien any immasted dyning its theme are some sentification
15	(5) had more than four probationary impacts during its three-year certification
16 17	period;
17	(6) had a consequence third much at ion any immedia
18 19	(6) had a consecutive third probationary impact;
	(7) is cited for specified CCR minimum standards regarding weapons and
20	ammunition; or
21	animumuon, or
21 22 23 24 25 26	(8) is not meeting at least the Two-Star level due to noncompliance with Texas
24	Rising Star guidelines at the most recent assessment of certification.
25	Rising star galactines at the most recent assessment of certification.
26	(b) Texas Rising Star-certified providers with any of the specified "star level drop"
27	licensing deficiencies listed in the Texas Rising Star guidelines during the most
28	recent 12-month CCR licensing history shall be placed on a six-month Texas Rising
29	Star probationary period. Furthermore:
30	The feet meeting from the feet meeting of the
31	(1) reduction of one star level for each deficiency cited, so a Four-Star certified
32	provider is reduced to a Three-Star provider, a Three-Star provider is reduced
33	to a Two-Star provider; or
34	
35	(2) a Two-Star provider is placed on suspension status.
36	
37	(c) Texas Rising Star certified providers with any of the specified "probationary"
38	licensing deficiencies listed in the Texas Rising Star guidelines during the most
39	recent 12-month CCR licensing history shall be placed on a six-month Texas Rising
40	Star probationary period. Furthermore:
41	
12	(1) Texas Rising Star providers on a six-month Texas Rising Star probationary
43	period that are cited by CCR for any additional specified probationary
14	deficiencies within the probationary period shall be placed on a second,
15	consecutive probation and lose a star level, with a Two-Star certified provider
16	heing placed on suspension status:

- (2) if CCR does not cite any additional specified probationary deficiencies during the probationary period, the provider can be removed from probation status; and
- (3) if any additional specified probationary deficiencies are cited by CCR during the second probationary period, the Texas Rising Star provider shall be placed on suspension status.
- (d) Texas Rising Star-certified providers with 10 to 14 total high or medium-high weighted licensing deficiencies during the most recent 12-month CCR licensing history shall be placed on a six-month Texas Rising Star program probationary period. Furthermore:
 - (1) Texas Rising Star-certified providers on a six-month probationary period that are cited by CCR within the probationary period for any additional high or medium-high weighted deficiencies shall be placed on a second, consecutive probation and lose a star level, with a Two-Star provider being placed on suspension status;
 - (2) if no additional high or medium-high weighted deficiencies are cited by CCR during the probationary period, the provider can be removed from probation status; and
 - (3) if any new high or medium-high weighted deficiencies--not to exceed 14 total deficiencies--are cited by CCR during the second six-month probationary period, a provider shall be placed on suspension status.
- (e) Certified providers not on suspension status losing a star level due to licensing deficiencies shall be reinstated at the former star level if no citations described in subsections (b) (d) of this section occur within the six-month reduction time frame.
- (f) Certified providers in suspension status shall be eligible for a reassessment after six months following the suspension date, as long as no deficiencies described in subsections (b) (d) of this section are cited during the previous six months.
- (g) Certified providers in suspension status shall achieve at least a Two-Star certification no later than 15 months following the suspension date. Failure to achieve at least a Two-Star certification within the 15-month period will result in the provider's ineligibility to provide child care services under this chapter.
- (h) Certified providers on suspension status:
 - shall be eligible to provide child care services under this chapter as long as the provider meets at least the Entry Level criteria described in §809.131(b) of this chapter;

	(2)	shall not be eligible for the enhanced reimbursement rate and shall be
		reimbursed at the Board's Entry Level reimbursement rate; and
	(3)	the provider shall not be able to receive referrals from a new family during last six months of the 15-month period, unless the provider is located in a
		care desert or serves an underserved population, and is approved by the Agency to accept new family referrals.
(i)		ified providers in suspension status that fail to achieve at least a Two-Star fication by the end the 15-month suspension period:
	(1)	are not eligible to provide child care services under this chapter;
	(2)	are not eligible for the Entry Level designation time frame described in §809.131(e) of this chapter;
	(3)	are not eligible for the extension waiver described in §809.131(f) of this chapter; and
	(4)	must subsequently meet at least a Two-Star certification eligibility and screening requirements to provide child care services under this subchapte
2020, 4	45 Tex	be effective January 8, 2019, 44 TexReg 114; amended to be effective July 6 kReg 4528; amended to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593; amen e October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
Returi	1 to T	able of Contents
§ 809.1	33. A	pplication and Assessments for Texas Rising Star Certification.
(a)	Texa	
		as Rising Star certification applicants must complete:
	(1)	as Rising Star certification applicants must complete:
	(1)	as Rising Star certification applicants must complete: an orientation on the Texas Rising Star guidelines, including an overview
	(1)	as Rising Star certification applicants must complete: an orientation on the Texas Rising Star guidelines, including an overview the:
	(1)	as Rising Star certification applicants must complete: an orientation on the Texas Rising Star guidelines, including an overview the: (A) Texas Rising Star program application process;
	(1)	as Rising Star certification applicants must complete: an orientation on the Texas Rising Star guidelines, including an overview the: (A) Texas Rising Star program application process; (B) Texas Rising Star program measures; and

1		Star guidelines for implementing and supporting a continuous quality improvement
2 3		framework.
4 5 6 7	(h)	Boards shall be responsible for the tasks assigned to the Texas Rising Star assessor entity in this subchapter, within their respective workforce areas, until the assessor entity is procured and designated by the Agency.
8 9 10	amend	ovisions of this §809.133 adopted to be effective February 16, 2015, 40 TexReg 708; ed to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 1, 47 TexReg 6437
11 12	Return	to Table of Contents
13 14	§ 809.1	34. Minimum Qualifications for Texas Rising Star Staff.
15 16 17	(a)	Boards and the Agency's designated Texas Rising Star assessment entity shall ensure that Texas Rising Star staff:
18 19 20		(1) meets the background check requirement consistent with Chapter 745 of this title; and
21 22 23		(2) completes the Texas Rising Star standards training, as described in the Texas Rising Star guidelines.
24 25 26	(b)	Boards shall ensure that Texas Rising Star mentor staff meets the minimum requirements in subsections (c) - (f) of this section.
27 28 29 30	(c)	Texas Rising Star mentor staff shall meet the minimum education requirements as follows:
31 32 33 34		(1) Bachelor's degree from an accredited four-year college or university in early childhood education, child development, special education, child psychology, educational psychology, elementary education, or family consumer science;
35 36 37 38		(2) Bachelor's degree from an accredited four-year college or university with at least 18 credit hours in early childhood education, child development, special education, child psychology, educational psychology, elementary education, or family consumer science with at least 12 credit hours in child development; or
39 40 41 42 43		(3) Associate's degree in early childhood education, child development, special education, child psychology, educational psychology, elementary education, or family consumer science, and two years of suitable experience in early childhood education as determined by the Board.
44 45 46	(d)	The Commission may grant a waiver of no more than two years to obtain the minimum education requirements in subsection (c) of this section if a Board can

1 2		demonstrate that no applicants in its workforce area meet the minimum education requirements.
3 4 5 6	(e)	Texas Rising Star mentor staff shall meet the minimum work experience requirements of one year of full-time early childhood classroom experience in a child care, EHS, HS, or pre-K through third-grade school program.
7 8 9	(f)	All mentors must attain mentor microcredentialing, as described in the Texas Rising Star Guidelines.
10 11 12 13	(g)	The Agency's designated Texas Rising Star assessment entity shall ensure that Texas Rising Star assessor staff shall attain and maintain the Texas Rising Star Assessor Certification, as described in the Texas Rising Star Guidelines.
14 15 16 17	amend	ovisions of this §809.134 adopted to be effective February 16, 2015, 40 TexReg 708; ed to be effective January 8, 2019, 44 TexReg 114; amended to be effective January 21, 46 TexReg 593; amended to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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20	Keturi	Tto Table of Contents
21 22	§809.1	35. Texas Rising Star Process for Reconsideration.
23 24 25 26 27	rec Sta	Agency's designated Texas Rising Star assessment entity shall ensure a process for onsideration of facility assessment for Texas Rising Star certification. Texas Rising assessments are not subject to Chapter 823 of this title (relating to Integrated implaints, Hearings, and Appeals).
28 29	•	ovisions of this §809.135 adopted to be effective February 16, 2015, 40 TexReg 708; ed to be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
30 31	Return	to Table of Contents
32 33	§ 809.1	36. Roles and Responsibilities of Texas Rising Star Staff.
34 35 36 37 38	Tex	ards and the Agency's designated Texas Rising Star assessment entity shall ensure that as Rising Star staff members comply with their assigned responsibilities, as licable.
39 40		(1) A mentor is defined as a Board or Board contract staff member who helps providers obtain, maintain, or achieve higher star levels of certification.
41 42 43 44		(2) An assessor is defined as a staff member or contractor of the Agency's designated Texas Rising Star assessment entity who assesses and monitors providers that obtain, maintain, and achieve higher levels of quality.
45 46		(3) Dual-role staff is defined as an individual meeting the definitions of a mentor

1		and assessor under this section.
2		
3	(4)	For dual-role staff, the Board and the Agency's designated Texas Rising Star
4		assessment entity shall ensure that the individual providing Texas Rising Star
5		mentoring services to a provider does not act as the assessor of that same
6		provider when determining Texas Rising Star certification.
7		
8	(5)	Texas Rising Star staff members are required to complete annual professional
9		development and continuing education consistent with the Texas Rising Star
10		annual minimum training hours requirement for a Texas Rising Star-certified
11		child care center director.
12		
13	(6)	Pursuant to Texas Family Code, §261.101, Texas Rising Star staff members
14		are mandated reporters when observing serious incidents as described in the
15		Texas Rising Star guidelines.
16		
17	The provision	ns of this §809.136 adopted to be effective January 25, 2021, 46 TexReg 593;
18	amended to l	be effective October 3, 2022, 47 TexReg 6437
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